

TWO**Labor Leaders in Conference****As to Causes****Which Led Up to Strike of Amalgamated.****Shaffer and Gompers Meet Together Today at Pittsburgh.**

There are no evidences of violence on the part of the strikers, and everything is quiet at present.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. Pittsburgh, Aug. 8.—The Steel Trust started the Lindsay and McCutcheon "Farm" finishing mills this morning. The nine inch mill of the Clark plant also opened today with forty-two men working. The Painters' hoop mill will start tomorrow. Everything is quiet and the Amalgamated men are not molesting non-union workers.

PRESIDENT GOMPERS

And President Shaffer Are Today in Conference in Pittsburgh.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. Pittsburgh, Aug. 8.—President Gompers stated today that he came to see Shaffer to acquaint himself fully with all the causes which led up to the Amalgamated strike. At 1:30 o'clock, after nearly two hours session, Gompers and Shaffer were still closeted.

HONORS EVEN SO FAR.

Struggle Between the Trust and Union Labor Goes on Unabated.

Pittsburgh, Aug. 8.—In the big steel strike honors are easy in this section so far. The Amalgamated Association succeeded in closing down the big steel plant at New Castle and the manufacturers partially broke the strike at the Clark mill in this city. Neither side is exulting, nor is there any expression of discouragement. Victory or defeat of either at this stage of the warfare can have but little effect beyond indicating the probable line of battle to be pursued by each. Not the slightest trouble has occurred at any point in this immediate territory, and Amalgamated men are correspondingly happy, because this condition would seem to be the carrying out of the association's policy in the handling of strikes. The quiet waiting of the strikers may be one of the surprises hinted at by the national officers. From one or two points the strikers are reported as restless and eager for action, but so far have kept faith with their leaders and refrained from committing any breach of the peace.

The United States Steel corporation, it was learned from an official source, will at once proceed in a systematic manner to start its closed sheet mills, making the non-union plants of the Kiskiminetus valley the cradle where strike breakers will be trained and then sent out to the mills that are closed.

So far as President Schwan is concerned no overtures will be made by the trust to the workers, in a talk with a Pittsburgh man in New York he said: "We have made our last proposition to the Amalgamated Association and will proceed to start our works."

President Shaffer makes this counter statement: "The next proposition must come from the United States Steel corporation officials."

Thus the two executives stand. It seems as if only outside efforts can bring them together.

The trust officials have decided to go ahead slowly in the matter of starting mills and to do so with as little publicity as possible. The strongholds of the sheet company are the mills at Vandergrift, the largest in the country; Leechburg, Apollo and Scottsdale. It has been decided to take as many skilled men away from these places as possible without retarding operations there and start the mills where is the least danger of an outbreak. The places left vacant at the mills mentioned will be filled with men deserving of promotion and they will be given better positions. This move will be undertaken slowly and with caution. The plan further contemplates that after a time many of the strikers will return when they see one after another of the closed mills resuming. This plan was tested the first few days of this week and found to be feasible so far as the mills at

BEST**Keep Teddy's Show from Ohio.****Too Strenuous****For the Civilized Buckeye People.****The Republican Leaders of the State Do Not Like Teddy.**

And are Not in Sympathy With His Noisy Devices. He is Supposed to be "a Dead One."

The harmony with a big H that exists between the factions of the Republican party is very cleverly and forcibly outlined in the following bit of correspondence from Columbus, written by one of the Enquirer's staff correspondents.

"The Winning of the West," the political play in which Vice President Roosevelt is starring out Colorado way, will look like a ten-cent Uncle Tom's Cabin combination if it ever comes to Ohio. The Republican leaders are frank and candid in their statements that they love not the star nor his noisy devices.

"They are all steadfastly watching Senator Hanna, and have been since Perry Heath nominated him for the Presidency to succeed McKinley. Every little Postmaster and clerk from the lake to the river has a banner with Hanna's unlovely lineament imprinted thereon, and the legend it bears is: 'Hanna for President, in 1904.' They are in deadly earnest. While thus engaged in watching the rising up and lying down of their heart's desire they are annoyed by the trumpeting and strange din and bedlam of the Rough Rider. He jars on their nerves. It was expected of him that when he was nominated at Philadelphia that he would be a good doggie and 'play dead' the rest of his political career. But the strenuous life keeps ever calling to him, and he is riding rough-shod over calculations that were supposed to have been forever settled.

These were begun when Senator Platt, of New York, and Matt Quay, of Pennsylvania, aided and abetted by such choice spirits as George B. Cox, showed Hanna to one side at the Philadelphia Convention, dragged the reluctant Roosevelt out of the Governors' chair at Albany and made him an unwilling candidate for Vice President.

Then they said of one accord: 'Thank heaven he is done for.' But here he is loose in the West with a trained band of press agents, reaching out for the very thing he is not supposed to take. Wherefore the Administration Republicans in Ohio are wroth and speak ill things of the Vice President of the United States. There are others who are against the careering of Roosevelt. They are the friends of Foraker, who believe that he has a chance for the nomination. It may now seem a remote one, but if Foraker is re-elected Senator he will be a dangerous quantity. It is no secret that if his candidacy is ever sprung that Senator Hanna will fight it openly and everlastingly. It would be a pretty safe bet that if Foraker is nominated that Hanna would be out in the open against the Republican National ticket, which is saying a good deal.

Fairbank's Desire.

Another factor is to be reckoned with in this locality. Senator C. W. Fairbanks will want his share of support from this state. He was born here and has kin folk scattered promiscuously about. For the best part of a year he has been at work, through agents, drumming up a sentiment for his candidacy.

At the commencement exercises last month, President Bashford, of Delaware College, announced that the Senator was a candidate and he was proud to name him. The Senator sat on the platform and coyly gazed at his shoes while the applause lasted. It was exceedingly kind of President Bashford, but he cannot claim the credit of being the "original Fairbanks man." Now that State Chairman Charles Hernly, of Indiana, has resigned it is expected that the Fairbanks propaganda will increase and grow in this state. It will therefore be seen that the "Winning of the West," will have to use a theatrical

term, "buck up against" three rival attractions, the Hanna Circus and Hippodrome, the Foraker Porto Rican Minstrels and the Fairbank's Refined Comedy Company.

This is a civilized community and never did enter to the Buffalo Bill drama, such as the Vice President affects. Ohio is an opera-house circuit, not a town lot territory. It will also be well for the famous San Juan herd to avoid Indiana and book no dates in that state. He will do well to play Chicago and then make a long jump on the Lake Shore Road and play Buffalo, Ohio never was good to him. He can probably still feel the chill that struck him in Cincinnati in the campaign of 1900. Some youthful first voter who believed the stories of the war in the ten-cent magazines got up a red fire and brass band welcome in his honor. It was promptly turned down by George B. Cox and Roosevelt would never have known where he was if Congressman "Jake" Brownell had not found a drum corps practicing over a saloon. He brought it to the Grand Hotel, dragged Roosevelt out of bed, made a speech and introduced 34 patriots to the candidate. Five of them being hotel porters.

Cox was, as mentioned before, in the deal with Quay, Platt, Odell and other fine haired pirates to jam Roosevelt into the woodshed and nail the door. The amount of encouragement the Vice President would get in Southern Ohio would be equaled only by the infinitesimal chunk that Hanna would hand out from the Northern end.

There has been no definite announcement that Roosevelt intends to visit Ohio on his swing around the circle, but these warlike words might not come amiss to his press manager.

Speaking of national characters, Congressman C. W. F. Dick, Chairman of the Republican State Committee, is having an exasperating time at the outset of the campaign with the colored brother. This year the ever loyal black voter appears to be in an obstreperous mood. Here in Franklin County, there is an independent candidate for Senator, a colored man who was turned down in the county convention.

The "mean thing" has started a paper, and he keeps throwing bricks at the leaders. He points out that the Hanna and Foraker crowds are bolters, and preaches that doctrine to his fellow Afro-Americans. They cast the deciding vote in the county, having 4,000 votes. The Republicans majority has never been more than 3,900. But the kick that is worrying the leaders is over the attempt to make the celebration of "Emancipation Day" a Republican campaign meeting.

It is no new thing for the Republican organization to furnish the brass bands, flags and other concomitants. But this year some of the more respectable colored citizens want the political feature of the affair cut out and the affair made what it should be, a thanksgiving service. Chairman Dick had arranged to have Senator Foraker as the principal speaker of the day, because at the state convention he delivered a lot of mushy talk about Southern outrages and the God-given right of the ballot. The protests are becoming numerous and strong, and Dick may be compelled to abandon his plan. If he does not the celebration will be treated as a political affair pure and simple.

He has had the mortification of witnessing his favorite third party movement go up in smoke, simply because the people of the state are all acquainted with his connection with it and those of the past. He has now been smoked out on "Emancipation Day" and his love of the colored man. This last named personage wants some of the peanut kernels this year. He has been stuffed with the shells until political appendicitis has set in. The Chairman will have to invent some new kind of diet for the "ever loyal black voter." The Missouri colored man is in the saddle and the Republican leaders "must show him."

GIGANTIC**Scheme to Combine Glass Plants****In Which Both American and European Capital is Interested.**

Pittsburgh, Aug. 8.—Another vast industrial combination, one of the greatest that has ever been planned, is evidently under way, and two prominent Pittsburghers are taking a leading part in the consummation of the project. The proposed combination is to take in all of the windowglass manufacturers of the world. President James A. Chambers and Vice President M. K. McMullen of the American Windowglass company are conducting the negotiations. They left this city for Europe about 25 days ago.

HUNG**Suspended High in Mid Air.****Balloon Burst****And the Inventor's Life was in Danger.****He was Rescued by Friends from His Perch Sixty Feet from Ground.**

The Frenchman is Full of Nerve and Invited the Crowd to Witness Another Attempt in One Month.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat.

Paris, Aug. 8.—M. Santos Du Mont's famous dirigible balloon blew up this morning, after he had completed the circles of the Eiffel tower, and he hung suspended in the air in his basket 60 feet from the ground till he was rescued. The air ship was under perfect control, going 20 miles an hour and was returning to the starting point when a gust of wind struck it, destroying the balance. The wires became entangled with the propeller and the balloon sank helplessly and striking a house, exploded. Santos was unhurt, and invited all to see him make the journey a month hence. Notwithstanding the accident the experiment was considered a great success.

MURDER**Is the Charge Made Against the Wife****By the Victim of a Mysterious Shooting Affair.**

The Wife Who is Under Arrest Declares Her Husband Committed Suicide.—The Couple Frequently Quarreled.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat.

Youngstown, Aug. 8.—James Allen, the victim of last night's mysterious shooting, died this morning. On his death bed he accused his wife of murder. The wife declares he committed suicide. They quarreled frequently, and Allen was once before the probate court on a lunacy charge but was not held. The woman is under arrest, pending investigation of the charge made against her by her husband in his ante-mortem statement.

HEAVY LOSS**From Big Wholesale Grocery Fire in Toledo.**

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. Toledo, Aug. 8.—The fire at Tiedkes Brothers' big grocery was not got under control until 6 o'clock this morning. The building and contents were wholly consumed. The loss will reach \$190,000.

BIG REWARD**Offered for the Return of the Stolen Gold.**

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. San Francisco, Aug. 8.—The Shelby Smelting company have offered \$25,000 reward for the recovery of the \$250,000 gold and the arrest and conviction of the thieves.

"BUCK" TAYLOR**Former Employee of Smelting Co., in Custody.**

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. San Francisco, Aug. 8.—The police have "Buck" Taylor, a former employee of the Shelby Smelting Co. in custody. He was in the "sweat box" four hours but the result of the inquiry is not known.

FRENCH SQUADRON**Has Received Orders to Sail on Short Notice.**

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. Ville Franche, France, Aug. 8.—The French squadron here has received orders to prepare to leave at a moment's notice. Their destination is not known, but is believed to be Constantinople.

SPANISH**Residents of Cuba are Depressed****Over the Report That a United States Army**

Will be Established and Maintained in Cuba. Say Their Interests Will Suffer if That is Done.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat.

Havana, Aug. 8.—The announcement of the United States government's determination to establish a Cuban army, has caused great depression among the Spanish residents of the island, as they fear their interests will be jeopardized by such an organization. The organization will be under the charge of Mayor Roberts of the Second artillery.

COLLISION**Between the Steamer Oceanic and a Private Craft.**

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. Queenstown, Aug. 8.—The White Star Liner Oceanic, which sailed from Liverpool yesterday, collided in a dense fog with a private craft, the steamer Kincora. The Kincora sank and eight of her crew are missing.

The Oceanic was not damaged by the collision but the Kincora was cut in two and sank at once. The Oceanic boats were lowered at once but several of the men were drowned before help reached them. The fog was so dense at the time that neither boat could be seen by the other.

KITCHENER**Is Instructed to Shoot All Persons****Who Authorize, Order or Permit the Killing**

Of Natives in British Employ—Arbitrary Instructions Sent to the General in Command in South Africa.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat.

London, Aug. 8.—In the House of Commons today Lord Stanley, financial secretary of the war office read a telegram which had been sent to Lord Kitchener instructing him to bring to trial and if guilty shoot all persons "authorizing, ordering or permitting" the killing of natives in British employ.

LARGE INCREASE**In the Number of Cigars Made Last Year.**

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. New York, Aug. 8.—Five billion, seven hundred million cigars were made in the United States during the past year. This beats all records by over eight hundred million cigars.

RIGLEY**Is Recommended as Dawes Successor.**

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. Chicago, Aug. 8.—Senators Cullom and Mason will meet this week to unite in a recommendation to the President that Wm. Barrett Rigley be appointed comptroller of currency to succeed Charles C. Dawes, when the latter resigns, October 1.

TWO**Million People in an Appeal****Against Aliens****Will Attempt to Entirely Exclude Chinese****From Being Landed in Any of the Ports Under American Control.**

Gompers Issued an Appeal Today to the Working People of the United States Bearing on This Subject.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat.

New York, Aug. 8.—An appeal was issued today by Samuel Gompers on behalf of the two million members of the Federation of Labor. It is made to working people of the United States and asks for a determined fight for the adoption of a rigid Chinese exclusion act. The appeal says in part:

"The workers of America are now confronted by the menace of a possible overwhelming of our people by hordes of Asiatics. To protect ourselves against the selfishness of employers who will have cheap alien labor at any hazard, it is necessary to have prohibitive legislation. Congress will be appealed to, to secure the protection that Gompers' appeal contemplates."

REDUCTION**On the Duty of Havana Cigars****Will be Asked for by the Tobacco Dealers**

Who Fear the Annexation of Cuba, Which Will Mean the Absolute Ruin of the Ohio and Virginia Dealers.

Special by wire to Times-Democrat.

Havana, Aug. 8.—A petition for the reduction of duties on cigars to 2.50 a pound will be sent to Washington by Havana Union of tobacco dealers. The petition says that Cuba, without concessions is helpless and will ask for annexation, as it cannot continue without economic support of the United States. If annexed however, tobacco growers in Virginia and Ohio would be utterly ruined, as they could not compete with Cuba.

FIFTY SHOTS**Were Fired in This Miner's Row.****Two Union Men Were Shot But Neither Were Seriously Injured.**

Special by wire to Times-Democrat.

Madisonville, Ky., Aug. 8.—Union and non-union miners engaged in a row at Providence today in which pistols and shot guns play a prominent part. Fifty shots were fired. Two union men were shot, one in the arm and the other in the heel. No non-union miners were injured.

SERIOUS WRECK**On the Baltimore & Ohio Road This Morning.**

Special by wire to Times-Democrat. Pittsburgh, Aug. 8.—A serious wreck is reported on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad near Confluence station this morning. Ten are said to have been injured. Among those hurt are: Miss Dora Hartzell, of New Castle, both limbs injured and J. K. Stillwagon, of Connellsville, head crushed and arm injured. Many others are less seriously hurt and were able to leave on the relief train for Cumberland.

JAIL

Statistics for the Last Year

In This State

Furnish Interesting Information.

Nearly Fourteen Thousand Persons Landed Behind the Bars.

Ninety Per Cent of the Prisoners were Men and Sixty-one Per Cent were Native Born Buckeyes.

The Ohio state board of charities has compiled the following report of jail statistics for the year ending June 30.

The whole number of prisoners placed in jail under arrest during the year was 13,892. The number of women was 1,456, about 10 per cent. of the whole number. Of the men 34 per cent. were married, of the women 42 per cent. Eight thousand four hundred and forty-nine of the whole number, 61 per cent. were born in Ohio. One thousand eight hundred and twenty-nine, or a little more than 14 per cent. were foreign born.

The number charged with felonies was 4,479 or 33 per cent. 2,316 were charged with the second offense. 39 counties maintaining no record of the number of offenses. Throwing out these 39 counties the number of those under arrest for the second offense as reported by the remaining 49 counties was, as already stated, 2,316, or 37 per cent. This ratio would probably be changed very little with a complete report.

Six counties made no report as to literacy; 8 per cent. were unable to read and write. The whole number of insane persons in the jail during the year was 1,414; epileptics 40; 106 persons were detained as witnesses. Of the whole number under arrest 712, or a little over 5 per cent. were under 16 years of age.

There were sentenced to the Ohio penitentiary 744; to the Ohio State reformatory, 234; to the workhouse, 512. Three hundred and sixty-eight boys were sent to the Boys' Industrial school; 64 girls to the Girls' Industrial school, and 1,627 were sentenced to jail. The number of prisoners serving jail sentences show a marked decrease within the past decade. This is due largely to the fact that the workhouses are more and more receiving the class who have hitherto served their terms in idleness in county jails. The average length of jail sentence was 32 days. Three died in jail during the year; 20 escaped. The amount received by sheriffs for keeping prisoners during the year (Auglize county not reporting) was \$125,726.65. The usual price allowed sheriffs for maintenance of prisoners is 50 cents per day for each prisoner. On June 30 last 151 prisoners were in jail serving sentence; 326 were awaiting trial; 3 detained as witnesses; 15 were United States prisoners; 26 were insane; one that day of 537.

PORTO RICAN STUDENTS.

Party of Eighteen Arrived in Baltimore to Attend School.

Professor Rafael Janer of Arechibo, Porto Rico, with his wife and family and a number of other Porto Ricans, principally children, the party in all numbering 18, arrived in Baltimore the other day and is stopping at a boarding house. The professor is an ardent admirer of the Americans and now that the island is under American control recognizes the necessity of as thorough knowledge of the language of the United States as possible. He and his party will remain here probably for several years, the children entering the public schools of the city, says the Baltimore American, and other members of the party either taking a special course at the Hopkins or at some other of the higher schools.

About ten more Porto Ricans are expected to join the professor and his party in time for entrance into the schools. As has been said before, they will remain here several years, going back to their homes during the vacation period and returning at the opening of the schools.

What a Tale It Tells.

If that mirror of yours shows a stretched, sallow complexion, a jaundiced look, moth patches and blotches on the skin, it's liver trouble; but Dr. King's New Life Pills regulate the liver, purify the blood, give clear skin, rosy cheeks, rich complexion. Only 25c at H. F. Vorkamp's drug store.

FULLY SATISFIED.

Phillips Says He Doesn't Want Any More Corn Pools.

Chicago, Aug. 5.—"No more corn pools for me," said George H. Phillips. "I knew that I was standing over a can of gunpowder all of the time, and it was only by the merest chance that I escaped total annihilation. I was forced into the May pool, but I won't be forced into another. They are too risky and not at all to my liking." The corn king made this emphatic declaration apropos of the resolution against pools adopted by the directors of the board of trade.

Ellis Sues the Sheriff. Parkersburg, W. Va., Aug. 5.—Attorneys for Ellis Glenn, who recently achieved notoriety in her sensational trial in which attorneys and witnesses battled for weeks to establish her identity, and to prove her sex, filed their declaration in the United States court in a \$50,000 damage suit against William Richardson. The petition alleges the plaintiff was kidnapped in Illinois and illegally and against her will brought to West Virginia.

Caught With Stolen Checks. Berlin, Aug. 5.—A man claiming to be E. C. Bolles of San Francisco, but who registered at the Kaiserhof as Bolles of Boston, was arrested for presenting at a branch of the Dresdener bank checks identified as part of the booty obtained by the robbery of the American Express company's office in Paris during the month of April. Bolles claims he acquired the checks legitimately.

German Gardeners Kick. Berlin, Aug. 5.—German gardeners assembled in Dresden adopted a resolution against the new German tariff bill on the ground that its provisions do not afford adequate protection to gardening interests. The Munich chamber of commerce has formally declared against the high duties upon necessities of life and materials for industry.

Suspect Arrested. San Francisco, Aug. 5.—The police have in custody a man who was arrested on suspicion of being implicated in the Selby smelter works robbery, in which \$280,000 worth of gold bullion was stolen. The identity of the suspect is not known. The police will not vouchsafe any information on the matter.

Knoxville Streetcars Running. Knoxville, Aug. 5.—The entire car system of the Knoxville Traction company is in operation on regular schedule, and not a strike has been taken back. New men are manning all cars with the exception of four employees who did not strike. The company considers the strike a closed incident.

For the Zoo at Fez. Berlin, Aug. 5.—Emperor William, reciprocating the recent courtesy of the Sultan of Morocco, has presented Abdul El Aziz, for the new zoological garden at Fez, a lion, a Bengal tiger, leopards, bears, stags and Indian and Japanese cranes and parrots, all purchased through a German dealer.

Son of Governor Breathitt. Marshall, Mo., Aug. 5.—Colonel Cardwell Breathitt, 52, died suddenly at his home near Nelson. He was a son of Governor John Breathitt of Kentucky and father of John B. Breathitt, former railroad commissioner.

German War Writer Nabbed. Berlin, Aug. 5.—The Berliner Tageblatt announces that Wilhelm Meirbach, its correspondent with the Boers, has been arrested by the British on a charge of espionage.

MARKET REPORTS.

Grain and Stock Prices For Aug. 7. CLEVELAND—Cattle: Good to choice 47¢; fair to medium, 45¢; and upwards, 43¢ to 41¢; good to choice dry fed, 1.15 to 1.20; fair to good, 1.05 to 1.10; good to choice butts, 1.25 to 1.30; fair to good, 1.15 to 1.20; good to choice hams, 1.35 to 1.40; fair to good, 1.25 to 1.30; good to choice shoulders, 1.30 to 1.35; fair to good, 1.20 to 1.25; good to choice ribs, 1.30 to 1.35; fair to good, 1.20 to 1.25; good to choice loins, 1.30 to 1.35; fair to good, 1.20 to 1.25; good to choice tripe, 1.30 to 1.35; fair to good, 1.20 to 1.25; good to choice tongues, 1.30 to 1.35; fair to good, 1.20 to 1.25; good to choice heads, 1.30 to 1.35; fair to good, 1.20 to 1.25; good to choice feet, 1.30 to 1.35; fair to good, 1.20 to 1.25; good to choice ears, 1.30 to 1.35; fair to good, 1.20 to 1.25; good to choice tails, 1.30 to 1.35; fair to good, 1.20 to 1.25; good to choice bones, 1.30 to 1.35; fair to good, 1.20 to 1.25; good to choice skins, 1.30 to 1.35; fair to good, 1.20 to 1.25; good to choice heads, 1.30 to 1.35; 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If You Want to Get the Best

For a little money when buying groceries, you should not fail to call on Smith, where you will find the best Butterine in the city.
Also we sell Gasoline.

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Another Special Offer!

We will again make you a set of teeth, using the best material, for the sum of \$5.00. This offer is for a limited time, so come in and get a set. Ask your neighbor if we are reliable, and then come in and let us please you.

VITALIZED AIR FOR EXTRACTING.

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Office Hours:—8 a. m. to 5:30 p. m.
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Successfully treated by THOUSANDS of rheumatic sufferers, who will testify to the efficacy of this great remedy. Now is the time, do not delay. Rheumatism, the great enemy of the human body, gives good appetite. A 3 weeks treatment will cure you. For sale by McVillie Bros. 111 N. Washington.

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At a low rate of interest, we will loan you money for any purpose. We will also advance you money on account of stock or real estate. Call at 302 S. West St., Lima.

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We have a large sum of money to loan on 10% interest and improved farm lands at the very lowest rate of interest. With the privilege of paying part or all of any interest during the term. We will also advance you money on account of stock or real estate. Call at 302 S. West St., Lima.

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Special attention given to RECTAL DISEASES AND DISEASES OF WOMEN

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East Side Public Square. Barber Shop and Bath Rooms.

Hot cold, shower and vapor baths. Ladies and children's hair cutting done to order.
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A Doctor's Examination, a Doctor's Advice WITHOUT CHARGE.
If GLASSES are needed, we make them at very MODERATE COST.

Glasses as low as \$1.00

Gold Glasses \$2 to \$3.50

A specialty Made of Difficult Cases of Astigmatism.

The change of name from the

HOYT OPTICAL CO.

to the

NEW YORK OPTICAL CO.

Does not affect in any way the guarantee held by the 500 or more of our former patrons. Your lenses will be changed free of charge as per agreement.

Respectfully,
NEW YORK OPTICAL CO.
DR. N. F. FENNER in charge.

Foley's Honey and Tar

beats lungs and stops the cough.

BOLD

Burglar Ransacked the House.

A Large Club

Was One of the Weapons He Carried

Which in His Flight He Left Standing in a Corner of the Room.

Boys' Brigade Which Has Been in Camp in Berryman's Grove Broke Camp Last Night.

This morning about two o'clock a burglar entered the home of Charles Letist on East Vine street. He obtained access by raising a side window. The house had been thoroughly ransacked before the thief was discovered. Emboldened by success the burglar entered the sleeping apartments of the Letists, who were awakened by his going through a dresser at the foot of their bed. He was a bold rascal who did not unduly hurry himself when discovered. Mr. Letist always keeps a revolver for such emergencies but it was in the drawer the burglar was rummaging when discovered. He saw it and seemed to realize his advantage. The man had evidently come prepared to fight if necessary, as he had carried a large club into the house which he left standing in the corner of the room when he left. Upon examination, it was found the thief had only succeeded in getting away with a lot of clothing. The neighborhood was thoroughly aroused immediately after the burglar left the house the same way he entered but to no purpose.

The ladies of Allen Hove No. 197, L. O. E. M., will serve ice cream and cake at 549 South Main street, Aug. 9, 1901, and if it should rain it will be served in the Denize Block. Price by cents. The public invited.

Miss Mata Brimmette, of Fremont, the guest of Miss Mamie Blower.

Mrs. H. L. Jameson, of Toledo, is paying a visit to Mrs. Joseph Kindell, on South Elizabeth street.

Mrs. Joseph Wood, left today for an extended visit at Deshler.

Mrs. Florence Smith, who has been visiting south Lima friends has returned to her home at Prairie Depot.

Mrs. E. Davidson, of Indianapolis, is visiting Mrs. L. Wolf, on St. Johns avenue.

Miss Grace Cook, of St. Johns avenue, has returned from an extended visit through the east.

The Boys' Brigade, of Grace M. E. church, who have been in camp at John Berryman's near McBeth's the past three days broke camp yesterday evening, returning to their respective south side homes delighted with the outing planned as well as conducted by Rev. W. H. Leathman, to whose forthright and generosity the boys are largely indebted for the season of pleasure, which they will all long remember.

Frank Rickerts, who has been visiting in Chicago the past ten days, returned home last night.

Joseph Cramer, of Dayton, called upon south Lima friends yesterday.

Miss Ethel Matheney returned to her home at Ada yesterday, after a several days visit with Mrs. William Bourn, of south Lima.

Mrs. Sarah Verman, of Harrod, who is visiting at the home of A. W. Verman, on Greenlawn avenue, is quite ill.

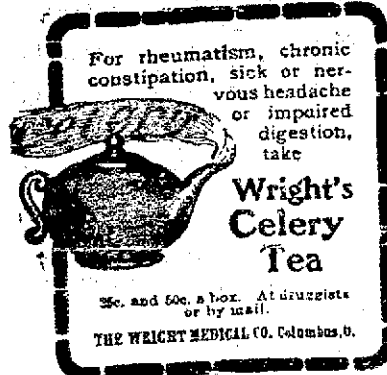
Mrs. G. A. Herritt is receiving a visit from R. R. Hays, of Toledo.

Inflamed Kidneys

Cause the excretion of urine to be wrong. The excretion of a diseased organ is bound to be wrong. Such urine burns and scalds when it is passed. It causes an uneasiness about the region of the bladder. It causes a frequent desire to urinate, great nervousness at times, and sometimes pain in passing the urine. Whenever these symptoms are present, you may be sure that it is high time that you were taking

SANURY

the one remedy that can be relied on to cure inflammation of the kidneys. Remember that while these symptoms are in themselves disagreeable enough, they are but the warnings of more serious trouble, and great suffering to follow, if not checked in time. Sanury makes wonderful cures, acting with promptness and effecting lasting results. With Sanury it is once cured, forever cured. For Sanury gets at the bottom of the trouble and removes the cause. It is 21.00 a bottle at all Druggists. SIMMS MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, Mo., U.S.A.



Charles Jefferies, accompanied by his wife, have returned from a visit at St. Marys.

John McGee, of the south side has returned from a trip to Indianapolis.

A. J. Gladwell, of south Main street went to Elida this morning for a brief stay.

Miss Sadie Grey, of south Main street, returned this morning from a trip through Indiana.

Conditions were quite favorable for the social at the home of J. C. Fierrock, on south Pine street last night. The event was under the auspices of the Christian Endeavor society of the south Lima Christian church. A large number patronized the fete, which was pleasant, as well as profitable.

A. R. Dulin left yesterday for New Martinsville, West Virginia, to attend the wedding of his sister at that place Sunday. He will be absent several weeks visiting in the east and at the Pan-American before returning.

Friends in south Lima of Ralph Tompkins, will be surprised to learn that he is at present seeing the sights in London, England, where he has been several weeks. He writes that he is favorably impressed with the metropolis of the world and may obtain employment with the view of remaining for a considerable time.

Mrs. Mary Wilmoth, of near Kenton, is paying a visit to friends in this vicinity.

H. J. Knowlson, returned yesterday to his home at Dedmore after a two weeks visit with relatives here, also at McGuffey.

Mrs. Madge Wright, of Bellefontaine, is in the city to pay a visit to her brother who is employed in south Lima.

Chif Crossley, who has been employed as driver for the National Express company, has resigned his position to accept one in Crossley Bros. grocery on south Main street.

Use Banner Salve, the great healer. It guarantees for cuts, wounds, sores, piles and all skin diseases. Use no substitute.

H. F. Vorkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

TO HEAL A HURT
Use Banner Salve, the great healer. It guarantees for cuts, wounds, sores, piles and all skin diseases. Use no substitute.

H. F. Vorkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

AGUINALDO IN CAPTIVITY.
Captain Mallory, His Late Keeper, Tells of His Life at Manila.

One of the passengers returning to San Francisco from Manila on the transport Meade the other day was Captain J. S. Mallory of the Second Infantry, late lieutenant colonel of the Forty-first volunteer infantry, who had charge of Aguinaldo in Manila from the time of his arrival last March in the Vicksburg to the time of Mallory's departure in July. No American perhaps knows more about the leader of the Filipinos than does Mallory, who occupied a room in the same building with him and had daily chats with the insurgent leader.

"Aguinaldo is a shrewd young man," said Mallory to a reporter of the New York Sun, "and is apparently loyal to the United States since taking the oath of allegiance. With him are his wife and two children, Miguel, a boy of 5 years, and a baby daughter. He is quite devoted to them. I read in the newspapers some time ago that little Miguel had died, but that was an error."

"Aguinaldo is in good health. Nothing was ever said by those in authority while I was in charge of the prisoners as to what would ultimately be done with him. He has comparative freedom upon the premises where he is confined and has full charge of his own household arrangements."

"Aguinaldo devotes the greater part of his time to studying. He learns rapidly and can converse fairly well with simple words. He delights to speak English with his Filipino friends who understand the tongue, but when others are near he refrains from using his limited vocabulary. It will not be long, however, until he will be able to speak well."

"Surveillance is not so strict now as before he took the oath of loyalty. He has even been accorded the privilege of driving about the city in company with an American officer, but has never availed himself of it, preferring to remain within the grounds, where he walks in the garden for out of door exercise. Visitors are numerous at the place, and it is not often that Aguinaldo refuses to receive them. He is extremely courteous, speaking freely through an interpreter unless some delicate question is propounded, when he asks to be excused."

Accounted For.
First Suburbanite—I see Jones has bought a cow.

Second Suburbanite—Yes; he's got to get rid of the vegetables he raised some way.—Punch.

NOW

It's Up to the Educators.

Entire Week

Will be Devoted to Discussion of Topics

At the Annual Teachers' Institute to be Held in the Holland Block.

An Excellent Corps of Teachers Will be Present and the Program is One of Unusual Merit.

Beginning with next Monday and including Friday, the thirty-fifth annual County Teachers' Institute will be in session at the Holland block in Lima, and in addition to having a splendid corps of instructors, a program of unusual interest has been arranged, particularly in the way of music. The board of examiners has announced that they will give due consideration to attendance at the institute in estimating the qualifications of applications for certificates.

The institute will convene promptly at 9:00 a. m. Monday, and the following program will be carried out:

Monday, Aug. 12th, A. M.
9:00—Opening exercises Prof. Fess
9:00—Introductory Prof. Fess
9:35—Intermission (Register)
9:35—Behold a Kink J. P. Jones
10:00—Introductory Prof. Darst
10:45—Intermission (Register)
10:45—Music Congregation
10:55—Physiology Prof. Fess
11:40—Announcements for the week.
—Report of O. T. R. C. and election of secretary.

P. M.
1:20—Opening exercises Prof. Darst
1:30—Literature Prof. Darst
2:15—Intermission Prof. Darst
2:15—The Two Sailors A. and J. P. Jones
2:25—English Grammar Prof. Fess
3:10—Intermission Peter Laughlin
Solo—Selected Prof. Darst
3:15—Pedagogy Prof. Darst
Evening Session—3:00.
Male Chorus—(4) "The Home of the Free" (b) "The Lost Landmark" Mr. Jones and Union Glee Club
—Reunion
Male Chorus—The Roman Soldiers Union Glee Club
Tuesday, August 13th—A. M.

9:00—Opening exercises Prof. Fess
9:00—U. S. History Prof. Fess
9:55—Intermission Mr. Jones
Solo—"The Holy City" Mr. Jones
10:00—Geography Prof. Darst
10:45—Intermission Congregation
10:55—Scientific Temperance Prof. Fess
11:40—Adjournment P. M.

1:20—Music Congregation
1:30—Nature Study Prof. Darst
2:15—Intermission Prof. Darst
Solo—"Oh! Shining Light" Mr. Jones
2:25—English Grammar Prof. Fess
3:10—Intermission Prof. Darst
Tenor solo—Our Banners so Fair Mr. Jones
3:15—Arithmetic Prof. Darst
4:00—Adjournment P. M.

1:20—Music Congregation
1:30—Closing address Prof. Fess
2:00—Intermission Prof. Darst
Duet—Larboard Watch, Jones & Jones
2:10—Closing address Prof. Darst
2:50—Reports of committees and election of officers.
4:00—Adjournment P. M.

Friday, August 16—A. M.
9:00—Opening exercises Prof. Darst
9:10—Geography Prof. Darst
9:55—Intermission Mr. Jones
Solo—Excelsior Prof. Fess
Civics Prof. Fess
—Intermission Mr. Jones
Solo—Selected Mr. Jones
Literature Prof. Darst
P. M.

1:20—Music Congregation
1:30—Closing address Prof. Fess
2:00—Intermission Prof. Darst
Duet—Larboard Watch, Jones & Jones
2:10—Closing address Prof. Darst
2:50—Reports of committees and election of officers.
4:00—Adjournment P. M.

Friday, August 16—A. M.
9:00—Opening exercises Prof. Darst
9:10—Geography Prof. Darst
9:55—Intermission Mr. Jones
Solo—Excelsior Prof. Fess
Civics Prof. Fess
—Intermission Mr. Jones
Solo—Selected Mr. Jones
Literature Prof. Darst
P. M.

1:20—Music Congregation
1:30—Closing address Prof. Fess
2:00—Intermission Prof. Darst
Duet—Larboard Watch, Jones & Jones
2:10—Closing address Prof. Darst
2:50—Reports of committees and election of officers.
4:00—Adjournment P. M.

Friday, August 16—A. M.
9:00—Opening exercises Prof. Darst
9:10—Geography Prof. Darst
9:55—Intermission Mr. Jones
Solo—Excelsior Prof. Fess
Civics Prof. Fess
—Intermission Mr. Jones
Solo—Selected Mr. Jones
Literature Prof. Darst
P. M.

1:20—Music Congregation
1:30—Closing address Prof. Fess
2:00—Intermission Prof. Darst
Duet—Larboard Watch, Jones & Jones
2:10—Closing address Prof. Darst
2:50—Reports of committees and election of officers.
4:00—Adjournment P. M.

Friday, August 16—A. M.
9:00—Opening exercises Prof. Darst
9:10—Geography Prof. Darst
9:55—Intermission Mr. Jones
Solo—Excelsior Prof. Fess
Civics Prof. Fess
—Intermission Mr. Jones
Solo—Selected Mr. Jones
Literature Prof. Darst
P. M.

1:20—Music Congregation
1:30—Closing address Prof. Fess
2:00—Intermission Prof. Darst
Duet—Larboard Watch, Jones & Jones
2:10—Closing address Prof. Darst
2:50—Reports of committees and election of officers.
4:00—Adjournment P. M.

11:40—Adjournment. P. M.

1:20—Music Congregation
1:30—Pedagogy Prof. Darst
2:15—Intermission Prof. Darst
Duet—Thy Kingdom of Love Miss Baker and Mr. Jones
2:25—English Grammar Prof. Fess
3:10—Intermission Prof. Darst
Ladies' quartette—Little Jack Horner, Miss Baker, Miss Butcher, Miss Baker and Miss Baker.
3:15—Address, Hon. J. D. Bonebrake
4:00—Adjournment Prof. Darst
Evening Session—8:00.

Musical Program—David, King of Israel, a scripture oratorio—Cantata—by the Buckland chorus and the Union Glee Club.
Soloists: Tenor, A. A. Jones, Vaughnsville; sopranos, Misses Butcher and Sillen; alto, Miss Baker, Buckland, Ohio; baritone, Mr. D. C. Miller, Southworth, Ohio.
Accompanist, Miss Edna Broerlin, Buckland.
Director, J. F. Jones, Spencerville. Prelude, Instrumental.
"And the Lord Said," (Unison solo, tenor solo and chorus.)—Mr. Jones and chorus.
"The Philistine's Challenge."—Chorus.
"David and Goliath." (Solo, duet, chorus and solo.)—Messrs. Jones, Miller and chorus.
"The Song of Triumph."—Chorus.
"Cast Thy Burdens Upon Him." (Alto solo and chorus.)—Miss Baker and chorus.
"The Lord, Therefore, Be Judge." (Male chorus, soprano solo and mixed chorus.)—Union Glee Club, Miss Butcher and mixed chorus.
"Anthems of Praise."—Chorus.
"Blessed, Thrice Blessed." (Duet and chorus.)—Misses Butcher and Sharp, and chorus.
"I Will Lay Me Down in Peace." (Tenor and alto duet, chorus, solo and chorus.)—Miss Baker, Mr. Jones and chorus.
Part Second:—
"Oh Lord, Rebuke Me Not."—Union Glee Club.
"Cast Thy Burdens on the Lord." (Female trio and chorus.)—Miss Butcher, Baker and Baker and chorus.
"Out of Darkness Into Light." (Soprano solo and chorus.)—Miss Sillen and chorus.
"Thou Art My Trust." (Bass solo and chorus.)—Mr. Miller and Mr. Jones.
"My Shepherd." (Alto solo and duet.)—Miss Baker and Mr. Jones.
"After the Battle of Gilboa."—Union solos and chorus.
"The Song of David."—Mr. Jones.
"Hail to Our King."—Chorus.
"Thanks be to God." (Recitative.)—Mr. Jones.
"Blessed is He." (Finale.)—Chorus.

Thursday, August 15, A. M.
9:00—Opening exercises Prof. Darst
9:10—Pedagogy Prof. Darst
9:55—Intermission Prof. Darst
Solo—"The Brave Sentinel, Mr. Jones
10:00—U. S. History Prof. Fess
10:45—Intermission Congregation
10:55—Literature Prof. Darst
11:40—Adjournment P. M.

1:20—Music Congregation
1:30—English grammar Prof. Fess
2:15—Intermission Prof. Darst
Solo—Selected Mr. Cotner
2:25—Arithmetic Prof. Darst
3:10—Intermission Prof. Darst
Duet—Flow Gently, Diva Jones & Jones
3:15—Physiology Prof. Fess
4:00—Adjournment P. M.

1:20—Music Congregation
1:30—English grammar Prof. Fess
2:15—Intermission Prof. Darst
Solo—Selected Mr. Cotner
2:25—Arithmetic Prof. Darst
3:10—Intermission Prof. Darst
Duet—Flow Gently, Diva Jones & Jones
3:15—Physiology Prof. Fess
4:00—Adjournment P. M.

1:20—Music Congregation
1:30—English grammar Prof. Fess
2:15—Intermission Prof. Darst
Solo—Selected Mr. Cotner
2:25—Arithmetic Prof. Darst
3:10—Intermission Prof. Darst
Duet—Flow Gently, Diva Jones & Jones
3:15—Physiology Prof. Fess
4:00—Adjournment P. M.

1:20—Music Congregation
1:30—English grammar Prof. Fess
2:15—Intermission Prof. Darst
Solo—Selected Mr. Cotner
2:25—Arithmetic Prof. Darst
3:10—Intermission Prof. Darst
Duet—Flow Gently, Diva Jones & Jones
3:15—Physiology Prof. Fess
4:00—Adjournment P. M.

1:20—Music Congregation
1:30—English grammar Prof. Fess
2:15—Intermission Prof. Darst
Solo—Selected Mr. Cotner
2:25—Arithmetic Prof. Darst
3:10—Intermission Prof. Darst
Duet—Flow Gently, Diva Jones & Jones
3:15—Physiology Prof. Fess
4:00—Adjournment P. M.

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3:15—Physiology Prof. Fess
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Solo—Selected Mr. Cotner
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3:10—Intermission Prof. Darst
Duet—Flow Gently, Diva Jones & Jones
3:15—Physiology Prof. Fess
4:00—Adjournment P. M.

1:20—Music Congregation
1:30—English grammar Prof. Fess
2:15—Intermission Prof. Darst
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3:10—Intermission Prof. Darst
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2:25—Arithmetic Prof. Darst
3:10—Intermission Prof. Darst
Duet—Flow Gently, Diva Jones & Jones
3:15—Physiology Prof. Fess
4:00—Adjournment P. M.

ESTIMATE OF D'ANNUNZIO.

Ouida's Appreciation of the Italian Writer's Ability.
This appreciation of Gabriele D'Annunzio, the great Italian writer, is contained in "Critical Studies," a set of essays by Ouida, published by Cassell & Co.
The mind of D'Annunzio refuses all bondage. It is a law to itself, as the mind of the great writer should be. I imagine that the opinion of him held by others is to him of the most absolute unimportance. His teaching is always to preserve the independence of the ego, to live without attention to formula or usage, to be, both materially and spiritually, that which we were created to be by nature.
He is disposed to admire what is strong simply because it is strong, forgetful that such strength is sustained and nourished by the suffering of the weak. It is true that he has lived in an atmosphere in which the virtues embodied in the aspirations, abhorred, but always noble, of the higher efforts of revolution have been received with fear and misunderstanding.
This son of Italy is a great writer, a great poet. Read his works in the original text all ye who can, men and women, for whom life has no secrets and truth has no terror.
Genius, like the river at its source, takes the color of the earth it springs from. It is only when it has reached its full volume, its deepest currents, that it becomes clear and reflects the sky above. Let us hope that such a future awaits him, and that more and fully will he realize what he has already said in noble words:
"Art! Here is the one faithful passion ever youthful, nay, immortal; here is the fountain of pure joy unknown to the multitude; here is the divine food which makes men like to gods. How could he have stooped to drink at other cups when he had once tasted of this?"
"How could he have bent to taste of other joys, once having known this ecstasy? How could his senses have let themselves be weakened and debased to lowest lusts when they had once been stirred to that highest sensibility which beholds the invisible, which touches the impalpable, which divines the most hidden secrets in the heart of nature?"
With these words, which are the greatest in meaning that he has hitherto written, I will for the present moment take my leave of him.

A TALK WITH SCHLEY.
Admiral Tells of an Incident Connected with the Santiago Fight.
In discussing the Sampson-Schley controversy a citizen of Altoona, Pa., says that he met Schley shortly after he was relieved of the command of the squadron. Schley was on his way westward as a passenger on the Pennsylvania Limited. The conversation as related by the Altoona man ran thus, says the Philadelphia Press:
"Admiral, what were your first words when you saw the Spanish ships coming out of the harbor of Santiago?"
"My first words when I saw them leaving the entrance to the harbor were, 'Either they will go down or I do.'"
"Well, tell me, admiral, what was your first thought when the fight was over?"
"Friend," replied the admiral, "the first thought that came to my mind after the fight was a little incident that occurred just as the squadron was leaving Hampton Roads. There was an old lady from near my home on my vessel, and her son was among the crew. I had known the family for years. She came to me and asked me to take care of her boy, and when she was leaving the vessel, after I had assured her that I would see to her son, she took my hand and blessed it, saying, 'Admiral, wherever you go the prayers of the American women will be with you.' That incident was the first thing that came to my mind after the fight, and I tell you that I believe the prayers of the American women had much to do with the winning of the fight."

He also said that he was not the one to praise. The praise should go to his men.

GOLF A POOR MAN'S GAME.
So Says Mayor of Syracuse in Opening Free Municipal Links.
The free municipal golf links at Syracuse, N. Y., are now open to the public, and in the proclamation announcing the fact Mayor James K. Maguire stamps golf as a poor man's game and declares he hopes to encourage a love for it among the masses. In the presence of a big crowd the mayor himself, says the New York Evening Journal, played in the first game on the new links in Burnet park.

Mayor Maguire invites the public to enjoy the links, saying the game is "more than a fad," is "a mild and sensible recreation" and "is especially beneficial to all men and women who labor much of the time indoors."

An experienced golf player is to be employed to teach beginners, and free lockers are to be provided.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT.

Organ of the Democracy of Lima and Allen County.

Issued Every Evening Except Sunday.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBL'G CO.

OFFICE—TIMES BUILDING,
No. 221 North Main Street, Lima, O.
TELEPHONE CALL, No. 94.

1901 AUGUST 1901

Sa.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
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18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	31

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For Governor,
JAMES NILBOURNE,
of Franklin County.For Lieutenant Governor,
ANTHONY HOWELL,
of Stark County.For Clerk of Supreme Court,
HARRY YOUNG,
of Cuyahoga County.For Attorney General,
M. B. MCCARTHY,
of Lucas County.For Member Board Public Works,
JAMES G. HOLMAN,
of Brown County.For Judge of Supreme Court,
JOSEPH MIDY,
of Fayette County.For State Treasurer,
R. P. ALDSHIRE,
of Gallia County.For State Senators,
STEPHEN D. CRITES,
of Allen County.
WM. E. BECKER,
of Paulding County.For Representative,
JOHN W. MANGES.For Sheriff,
EUGENE J. BARR.For Treasurer,
JAMES W. GENSEL.For County Commissioner,
ALBERT HEFNER.For Coroner,
DR. ANDREW BICE.For Infirmary Director,
W. E. GRUBB.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT RECEIVES BY WIRE THE TELEGRAPHIC AND CABLE SERVICE OF THE SCRIPPS-McRAE PRESS ASSOCIATION.

Truly, "the other side" of the picture was presented by the arrival of the transport Meade at San Francisco, from Manila, with fifty insane soldiers and thirty-five consumptives. Such is the price we pay for imperialism.

It took forty-six ballots at Wauson to bring about a nomination for state senator in the Democratic convention in the Thirty-third senatorial district convention. The result was the nomination of Kagy, of Hancock county.

Rev. Harry Jones, chaplain of the battleship Texas, thus disposed of a lie: "I have been charged with endorsing the writer, McClay. I never even heard of him until I read of him in the newspapers and I never saw him in my life. I do not approve of Mr. McClay's work." That's the way the lie against Schley will be disposed of when the evidence is all in.

The Point Pleasant (W. Va.) Daily Register, in speaking of the strong plank in the Ohio Democratic platform, says:

"One feature of the Democratic platform of Ohio, recently adopted at the state convention, is a strong one. It calls attention to the immense and valuable corporate properties on which there is little or no taxation; and demands official regulation over all corporations enjoying public franchises, and protects the well defined issue of a full valuation of all property and its taxation at the same as the homes of the workingmen and the farms of the agricultural population."

Speaking of the drought and its effect on the great grain producing states of the west the New York World avails

itself of the opportunity to remind the moneychangers of Gotham that we are impressively brought face to face with a great vital fact in our national conditions. We are, after all our talk of actual supremacy in iron and steel and of coming supremacy in manufactures and shipping, an agricultural country still at bottom. The foundations of our prosperity are out on the wheat and corn growing prairies of the west and on the cotton growing plantations of the south. Of our magnificent billion and a half of exports just reported for the year that ended with June far more than one-half—\$780,646,907—stood for the products of fields and farms. And in spite of the general belief that we are becoming more and more a nation of cities the most interesting fact that stands out on the face of the late census returns is that there are only six of the forty-five states in which the majority of the people are not living in the country and engaged in agricultural industries.

DIED ABORNING.

The excessive foolishness of attempting to get up a bolting Democratic state ticket in Ohio has died aborning. The five or six gentlemen who met at Columbus, laid down a silver platform and without authority dragged in the name of Mr. Bryan, closing their performance by nominating candidates for governor and other state officers, find themselves the laughing stock of the Buckeye state Democrats. The only sympathy or encouragement they got was from the Hanna Republicans. The ticket has gone to pieces, the persons named declining and condemning the foolish movement. It didn't amount even to the shadow of a sensation.—New Orleans States.

A GOOD INVESTMENT.

Anyone having a few hundred dollars to invest where it will bring good returns should investigate the advantages offered in the lots being sold in the new Lakewood addition. Lots are being sold at \$250.00 to \$400.00, one-third cash, one-third in one year, one-third in two years. This property will certainly increase in value very rapidly, as it is in the most desirable part of the city. For further particulars see F. E. Harman or W. F. Numan of the soliciting committee. 53-St.

F—I—S—H at Townsend's.

SOL BERLINER'S ROMANCE.

The Consul at Tenerife to Marry a Washington Girl.
A remarkable philatelic romance is disclosed in the announcement of the approaching marriage of Solomon Berliner, United States consul at Tenerife, Canary Islands, and Miss Jennie Ottenberg of Washington, says the New York Tribune. Between postage stamps and wedding gowns there may seem to be a wide gulf, but it was through the former that Miss Ottenberg won the latter.

Mr. Berliner received in his mail one day at Tenerife a letter from a student at Columbia university in Washington asking that he save her such used postage stamps as came to the consulate. The fetching tone of the letter brought about a regular correspondence between the consul and the schoolgirl. Miss Ottenberg had written similar letters to at least a hundred members of the United States consular service, and, though she received replies from most of them, Mr. Berliner seems to have been the only one to demand a return.

A few weeks before leaving the Spanish island possession for America Mr. Berliner wrote for and received the picture of his correspondent. It was a case of love at once, and Mr. Berliner hastened his departure as much as possible, but so ardent was his admiration for the author of the beautiful letters that he rented a villa on the outskirts of Tenerife and ordered a handsome lace wedding gown. Upon his arrival in the United States several weeks ago he presented himself first at the state department and then at the home of Miss Ottenberg, where he met for the first time the woman he had learned to love through the medium of her letters.

Finding the parents of the young woman favorable to his attentions, Mr. Berliner proposed to her and was accepted. Miss Ottenberg is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Ottenberg of Washington. The wedding will take place in Washington on Sept. 1. After their wedding trip Mr. Berliner and his bride will settle in Tenerife.

F—I—S—H at Townsend's.

INVITATION TO ADVERTISERS.

We cordially invite all advertisers and others interested in newspaper circulation to visit our press room and inspect the circulation of the Times-Democrat as it is run out from our fast Hoe press. We absolutely guarantee a circulation greater than any other Lima newspaper has now or ever had in its history of this city.

LIBERTY ENDANGERED.

Usurpation by Injunction an Evil of the Times.

JUDGES SUBSERVIENT TO TRUSTS.

State Lines Broken Down and Police Power of Municipalities Lodged in the United States Army—Power of Local Grand Juries Curbed—Citizens' Lives at the Mercy of Federal Hirelings.

The subservience of Republican judges to the trusts has for some time been a crying evil, but it remains for a federal judge from McKim's own state to outdo all competition in his efforts to aid corporations.

The judge in question, named Whig, issued a sweeping injunction against "picketing" by striking iron molders at Cleveland. In issuing the injunction he made it broad enough to include peaceable persuasion by the strikers to the nonunion men, using the following extraordinary language in reply to the objection that picketing consisted only in arguing with non-strikers with a view to peacefully persuading them not to work: "Persuasion of itself, long continued, may become a nuisance and unlawful." There is no statute, federal or state, upon which to found such an injunction, and the judge who issues such an usurping authority that breaks down all the safeguards of the innocent when falsely accused.

He also usurps the functions of the lawmaking power and the functions of the grand and petit juries, for the accused is deprived of the right to be confronted by and to cross examine his accusers.

In this connection there is also a much greater danger to the life and liberty of the citizen. The case was well stated in the Chicago Public: "By this means the federal courts and all their officers, the president as commander in chief and the regular army he commands, together with all the other powers that center in Washington, are brought into play for the regulation of the local peace. State lines are broken down, and the police power of states and municipalities is lodged with the commander in chief of the American armies. 'Persuasion,' for instance, such as the term 'picketing' in labor strikes includes, if by long continuance or for any other reason it becomes an offense, is most clearly an offense not against the federal power, but against the local peace. The same thing is true of every possible act of strikers, however criminal. These crimes are breaches of the local peace, if the municipal authorities cannot restrain them, they may apply to the state authorities for aid, and the state authorities may in turn invoke the aid of the federal authorities. In that way the federal army might legitimately be called upon to preserve the local peace."

"Let it be observed, however, that the call for such interference then goes up from the locality. There is no usurpation, no invasion. But if a federal court enjoin these breaches of the local peace and then, under pretense of contempt, it may call in federal marshals and federal troops over the heads and, it may be, against the protests of local authorities."

"Thus it does away with local grand juries, local petit juries, local officers of all kinds. It turns the local peace of every community over to the regulation of judges appointed by the president, whose interests and ambitions tend to alienate them from local interests and sympathies. Back of them are as many deputy marshals as they wish, also alienated from local sympathies, and a federal army of hirelings if they need it. In a word, federal injunctions for the preservation of the local peace lay firm foundations for an autocracy as irresponsible as any that ever cursed Europe."

Right of Free Speech Abridged.
The high handed measures of the city court of Ansonia, Conn., to beat a strike that recently was on there should lead to another judge being selected when election time comes. The other day while a squad of nonunion men were marching under police escort to a foundry a hotel employee on the sidewalk shouted, "Scabs!" He was immediately picked up by the police, taken to court and fined \$50 for disorderly conduct. The police magistrate announced that the next case would be punished with imprisonment and fine.

This is certainly an abridgment of the right of free speech, and it is hardly possible that the sturdy New Englanders will endorse its suppression to aid corporations and combine to defeat their workmen whenever the merits of the strike may be.

Noncombative Admirals.

There is talk of the administration sending a fleet of warships to honor the coronation ceremonies of King Edward of England, with Admiral Dewey in command. There must be some mistake about this. It is hardly likely that Admiral Dewey or Schley will be allowed to go. Crowninshield and Sampson are the government pets for such an expedition. There is no fighting to be done there. What a republic has to do with these kingly demonstrations is being asked by a good many people.

Who Are the Others?

The constant prodding the administration has been getting in the reported postponement of the trial of Neely and Rathbone for stealing the Cuban postal funds might possibly have some effect if there was no truth in the declaration of the accused that it brought to trial others would suffer with them. Who these "others" are is just what we all want to know.

TAXATION OF RAILROADS.

Democrats of Ohio Take a Step in the Right Direction.

In every state of the Union the railroads pay much less taxes in proportion to the property they own than the farmer or business man. In Ohio this evil has become so great that Tom Johnson, as mayor of Cleveland, is making a fight to equalize taxation, and, of course, the railroads and other corporations are fighting him bitterly. The Democratic state convention has backed up his efforts by a plank in the platform on this reform which reads:

"The acceptance of free passes or other favors from railroads by public officers or employees shall be made adequate ground for vacating the offices held by them."

"All public service corporations shall be required by law to make sworn public reports, and the power and duty of visitation and public report shall be conferred upon the proper state and local auditing officers to the end that the true value of the privileges held by these corporations shall be made plain to the people."

"Steam and electric railroads and other corporations possessing public franchises shall be assessed in the same proportion to their salable value as are farms and city real estate."

"The proceedings of the Republican majority of the state board of equalization are a scandal. Property values instead of being equalized were increased or diminished at the dictation of political bosses pursuant to corrupt combinations and conspiracies."

The Republican convention declared in favor of a revision of the revenue laws of the state, so that all classes of property will bear their just burdens of taxation. As the Republicans have had control of the legislative and executive branches of the state government for several consecutive years, one is impelled to wonder why they have not long since accomplished the revision.

OPEN THE TREASURY.

Rich Beggars Like Morgan and Hill Want Ship Subsidies.

There should be no doubt about the passage of a liberal ship subsidy bill in the next congress. With our shipyards busier than ever before and building more transatlantic steamers than ever before, with Mr. Pierpont Morgan and J. J. Hill buying steamships and establishing a round the world transportation system, with all the great lake steamers and shipbuilding plants in trusts, with the Atlantic shipping ready to complete their trust and with the community of interest system in full working order between our great railroads and the great Atlantic and Pacific steamship lines, it ought to be evident to all that financial aid should be promptly given to our shipowners and builders.

The next time their committee takes the trouble to write a bill giving themselves \$200,000,000 or \$300,000,000 congress should promptly O. K. it and order Uncle Sam to open his treasury and let these rich beggars help themselves. Surely he can afford to be generous to such worthy citizens.

RESTRICTS TRADE.

Republican Newspaper Revolts Against Protective Tariffs.

The revolt by Republican newspapers against the protective tariff will put some of the Republican congressmen to their wits' end to evade the issue when congress meets. Here, for instance, is the Portland Oregonian saying: "The Dingley law stands like a club over the foreign trade at every port under the American flag. Whether it is German sugar or French wines or India silks or Chinese tea or Japanese matting, we put a penalty upon every man who would like to do business with us and part with the proceeds of his labor to us that he may be fed with our wheat and warmed with our cotton and wool and carried on our locomotives and bicycles. It is we from whom the offense comes, and if we want trade with Europe or Asia or South America we must open our ports to freer trade or else we have no moral right to complain of reprisals."

This has a Democratic ring to it that is refreshing, and it will be interesting to see what congress will do about it.

Philippine Conditions Unsatisfactory.

Adjutant General Corbin is in Manila, and the news is given out by the war department that he will, after the conference with General Chaffee and Civil Governor Taft, make a tour of the islands, with the object of effecting a material reduction of the expenses of the army as well as improving the military conditions in the Philippines. This shows that the administration admits bad management and a great waste in conducting the military movements there and would seem to imply a lack of confidence in what Generals Otis and MacArthur have accomplished.

That matters are not even now in nearly as good shape as the censor's reports would have us believe is quite apparent from the occasional information that is made public or from returning volunteers who have been interviewed.

No Reform of the Tariff.

Congressman Cannon, one of the leaders of the Republicans, says that nothing would be done by the next congress in regard to the tariff and denied that he had suggested the possibility of a Republican caucus to discuss the question. Speaking of the rumors of opposition to Speaker Henderson's reelection, Mr. Cannon uttered just one sentence. "All such talk," he said, "is absolute rot."

Thus the evidence accumulates that the Republican party does not intend to give any relief to the people by reforming the tariff. They are bound to their trust jobs.

LIKE OLD TIME BARONS

Trust Magnates Rule Like Feudal Lords of Dark Ages.

COMBINATIONS NOT PERFECTED.

When That Is Done, Every One Must Give of His Labor to Support the Overlords—Modern Feudalism More Exact Than Its Prototype of the Middle Ages.

The reign of the present trusts and combinations and the agreement among the railroads to keep up rates and allow no competition is another form of the feudalism of the dark ages. It has not yet entirely perfected combinations in some lines, but is rapidly approaching that state of perfection when every one will have to give of his labor or income to support the barons of the trusts—the oil barons, the steel barons, the sugar barons, the coal barons, the railroad barons, the money barons and the hundred and one lesser lords who control some necessity of the people, who under the special privileges and protection granted them by subservient legislators tax the 999 out of 1,000 to support themselves in castles and palaces that far surpass the lordly domains of the barons of the middle ages. As then, so now, this extortion is practiced under the form of law, and the people are helpless unless they rebel.

The barons of the olden time were shorn of their power by the sovereign power, and those of today must be shorn of their power by the sovereign people. To accomplish this will require patience and courage and persistent effort to elect representatives to congress and legislatures who will undo the work that has been brought about by the trusts and corporations through their subservient friend and conductor, the Republican party.

The Republican party machine is entirely dominated and controlled by the modern barons in every state in the Union, but fortunately the party of the people, the Democracy, is rid of them in most of the states and may be relied on to bring about the reforms needed if placed in power.

The effort to control the Democratic party by reorganizing it so that the trusts and corporations can also dictate its policy will not prevail if the people are true to their own interests. It is now the only barrier to the complete domination by the few, and it is a good sign of victory that many newspapers that left the cause of the people in the lurch are seeing the trend of the Republican rule of plutocracy. One of these, the Ohio State Journal, says: "None of the barons of the feudal times possessed such power as these men."

Another, the Memphis Commercial Appeal, says: "Modern feudalism is not coming. It has long been here. It is a much more painful system than the ancient feudalism, which meant the paying of an annual tribute, from three grains of pepper to something of great value in cattle, corn, wine, oil or money, for the use of certain lands and hereditaments, and when the payment was made the tenant was practically supreme lord of the domain for the time being. The other style of feudalism consisted in rendering personal service of some sort, in peace or war, after which the tenant was free to go and do as he pleased. But in modern feudalism the lord who lives in baronial splendor is not satisfied with moderate tribute or occasional service. The poor man can pay no tribute directly because he has no money; hence he is required to render continuous personal service for the poor privilege of living on plain food, breathing foul air and wearing plain clothes. He is given no 'castle,' save such as he rents and pays for in the steaming, sweaty tenement district or in the suburbs, where the ramshackle cabin broods by the feculent stream or the stagnant and putrid pond. He has no rights of frechote, woodbote, chairbote, housebote, wainbote or any other bote. He has no rights at all more than a Mexican peon. He has what he can buy with the remnant of his beggarly wage after he has rendered unto Caesar the things that Caesar claims and before rendering to God the things that are God's."

"Modern feudalism is the basest form of slavery. It does not crush out hope. While the chains and gyves are riveted to the limbs the victim foolishly imagines that some day, some time, something or some one will strike them off. Doomed to perpetual toil in the service of some one else, he dares be buoyant at times and actually rejoices over the fact that he has employment; that he has been given leave to toil. The feudalism of organized capital adds to the ancient feudalism the 'despotism' and savagery of supreme power and unquestioned sway and subverts from it the bond of sympathy that existed between the lord and his client in earlier times. From present day feudalism every element of humanity has been expropriated, and the effort to reduce the cost of living on the one side and to reduce compensation to the cost of living on the other side is a perpetual conflict. "Modern feudalism is here, and volumes might be written about it without exhausting the subject."

The Republican Plan.

Taxing the people to create a surplus to be loaned to favored banks without interest is the plan being pursued by the Republican party. During the last fiscal year there was collected a surplus of \$76,000,000 over and above the most extravagant expenses ever known.

A Fair Sample.

Representative Grosvenor's idea of trusts is about as reliable as he was on the third term business, but he is a fair sample of Republican congressmen.

STORIES OF SPORT LEWIS.

Incidents in the Career of a Backer of Prizefighters.

The late Warren H. Lewis, sporting man and backer of prizefighters, was a railroad engineer by trade, and a good one, says the New York World. He was born in Ithaca, N. Y., in October, 1845. When the civil war was on, though a boy, he had charge of an engine on the Lehigh Valley road. He quit railroading and went to the front with the Fifth New York Heavy artillery. His left arm was broken in battle and he had to quit the service, being honorably discharged. For years he belonged to Earham post, G. A. R. He drew a pension.

The arm that was broken in the war was not set properly. It was crooked. "That arm," said Monte Lewis, his son, "foiled a lot of men handy with their fists. Pop could lift an awful blow with it even if it were crooked. The bend in it fooled people. They thought it wouldn't land because it was crooked, and didn't even dodge. But it would land, and land hard."

Lewis had made a good deal of money in his day and, according to the Lewis family, the fortunes of Warren began to wane when he linked himself with Jim Corbett. How he happened to do this was told for the first time the other day.

"Pop was out drinking with Jack McMillan," said Monte, "and they met Al Smith in the Gilsey House. Al told pop that McMillan had put up \$2,500 for a fight with Corbett; that Corbett was stripped and didn't have a backer. Pop had been drinking, and said he would put up the money. Somebody told the newspaper reporters that same night that pop would back Corbett, and it was printed the next morning. He backed Corbett, but on him, took a private car for himself and friends to Carson City, lived in it for days, and in all lost about \$10,000."

Lewis never broke his word with prizefighters. He offered a \$2,500 purse for a fight between Peter Maher and Steve O'Donnell on the afternoon of Christmas, 1897. This was the greatest frost in the history of New York prizefighting, the house being practically empty.

"Just before the fight was to begin," said Monte, "I went to pop and told him to call it off and refund the money to those who had paid. He refused, saying: 'I'll have this fight for myself. I'll watch the \$2,500 and sit in a box and watch it. Let all Coney Island come in free and see the sport!'"

A "MEDICINE DANCE."

Novel Entertainment to Be Given by Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish.

Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish, "Mayme" Fish to her intimates, will utilize Harry Lehr's idea of a "patent medicine" ball, which was first claimed and then abandoned by Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, says a dispatch from Newport, R. I., to the New York Journal. The chateaufort of Belmont, it is said, recalled her invitations to this picturesque function a few days ago because she was persistently annoyed by advertising agents of various proprietary nostrums who desired to get their advertising designs utilized in the costume scheme of the entertainment.

So the ball that was to have been held in the big garished barn of the Belmont villa will be given instead at Crossways, the superb summer home of Mrs. Fish.

Mrs. Belmont and Mrs. Hermann Oelrichs have, it is said, promised Mrs. Fish their support and assistance in the matter, and since Harry Lehr, who is accredited with having suggested the idea months ago before his marriage to Mrs. Dahlgren, is back to the city by the sea again his genius for the weird and bizarre, so frequently utilized to good effect by her before, will doubtless be again at the service of Mrs. Fish.

Newport is in a ferment of conjecture concerning the characters in which the best known celebrities will appear. Harry Lehr is popularly expected to "make up" as the Omega Oil boy with the decorative geese.

Another Rival of the Horse.

An attempt is to be made by the British authorities in Uganda to utilize the zebra for transport purposes in that country, says the Chicago News. It is contended that the characteristics of the animal render it especially suited to this district, since it is naturally immune against the ravages of the tsetse fly and horse sickness. The plan suggested is the domestication of the adult animal. The young zebra cannot be reared apart from its mother, and it is considered that if the animal were accustomed to the presence of man while very young in the course of a few years a large supply of zebras will be available for work.

Blinkers For Horses Tabooed.

London has started a movement against blinkers for horses, which in most cases are useless and harmful to the sight of the animals. "Most of the great railroad companies and one of the tramway lines have done away with them," says the New York Sun, so that now, it is stated, 30,000 horses are working without blinkers.

Monograms on Planes.

The initials of the owner are sometimes used as a monogram carved on a plane nowadays, says the New York Sun. Formerly the manufacturer's name was placed in a prominent position on the instrument. Today it is relegated to comparative obscurity, and a monogram, crest or coat of arms is its successor.

NOTES OF THE RAILWAYS.

Illinois Central's Entire Right of Way to Be Lighted.

GIANT TRANSLASKAN LINE.

French, Russian and American Capitalists Reported Behind Great Railway Project—Ferry to Span Bering Sea—New Holes For New York Central's Tunnel.

The entire right of way of the Illinois Central railroad in Chicago and as far into the suburban districts as Matteson, 28 miles from the Park Row station, will soon be lighted at night so that the roadway will be almost as light as day, says the New York Post. The company has just finished building a big electric plant for the purpose, and its capacity is sufficient to furnish power for lighting all the tracks, stations and yards for a distance of 30 miles. The plant is said to be one of the largest and most complete in the country. The wires for the lighting are laid in cables in stoneware conduits underground. So far 10,270 feet of this underground conduit has been laid. This will furnish light for the big station at Twelfth street and other stations and the right of way between Randolph street and Burnside. All stations will be illuminated with incandescent lamps and the platforms and tracks with arc lights.

In addition to the illumination of stations and right of way the various freight houses down and up town and the express warehouses and the shops of the company will be lighted. So far the wired capacity of the substation is 7,000 19 candle power incandescent lamps and 250 arc lights. Power will also be furnished to operate the company's laundry, for running the three big passenger elevators in the Park Row station and for charging storage batteries of private cars. At present the power plant is rated only at about 50 per cent of its capacity. It is said that when operated to its full strength there will be 14,000 incandescent and 500 arc lights in use between Randolph street and Matteson, making this the best lighted right of way in the world.

A gigantic transatlantic project is to be undertaken by French, Russian and American capitalists within the next few years, according to plans outlined the other day by L. Delobel, the French mining engineer, who left Paris July 7 and started north on the steamer Dolphin.

Delobel says, according to a dispatch from Tacoma to the St. Louis Republic, that plans are being formed to organize a company having a capital stock of \$200,000,000. This company will build nearly 4,000 miles of railroad between spanning Bering sea with tunnel steam ferries. The company is to have the backing of industrial bankers in Paris, St. Petersburg, Moscow and New York. The United States government will be asked for a land grant in the Yukon country. On his return from Alaska Delobel will visit Washington and confer with President McKinley on the subject.

The proposed railroad is to start in Circle City and run 2,000 miles to Bering sea, following a northerly course which will evade long land routes in the Yukon country. From the Siberian coast to Vladivostok 1,500 miles of road will be required. The ferries are to be large enough to transport loaded trains, making it possible to go from Circle City to Moscow and Paris by railroad.

Since the grand jury began investigating the Park avenue tunnel the New York Central railroad officials have been unusually active, and sweeping orders have been issued to the conductors and trainmen to do everything in their power to relieve the bad conditions while the trains are passing through the subway, says a White Plains (N. Y.) dispatch to the New York Sun. The Harlem railroad has issued a notice through Trainmaster Van Tassel which now keeps the trainmen busy and means an improvement in their service for the benefit of the commuters. Among its many provisions are the following: "Special attention must be given to ventilation. While cars are standing in Grand Central station windows must be opened and gas turned down to lowest point. Gas when used in tunnel must be at half pressure only. Coach doors must be opened immediately upon emerging from tunnel. Trains using main tunnel need not have windows closed if free from gas and smoke. Ventilators need not be closed."

Washington Snow, an engineer on the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railway, figures that in the 38 years in which he has been running engines on that road, at an average of 36,000 miles a year, he has traveled 1,468,000 miles.

The Lackawanna railroad is stringing telephone wires from stations to the houses of engineers, firemen, brakemen and conductors who reside over one mile from stations in order to be able to summon them without delay in case of need.

Roman Baths Found in Scotland.

Wherever the Romans penetrated they were sure to erect great baths. Recent excavations on an estate in Scotland have revealed the foundations of an immense bath with concrete floors and walls, lead pipe connections, arched fire chamber and stovehole with a flue extending from it, says The Architect. The foundations of the bath in the arched fire chamber are now displaced. The walls of the rooms are formed of stone and lime, covered with strong concrete, with a polished surface, and painted a brick red color. The floor is all of concrete.

KOCH ON CONSUMPTION

German Scientist's Views on Bovine Tuberculosis.

NOT CONVINCED IT MENACES MAN

Maintains, From Results of His Experiments, That Human Bacilli From Consumptive Will Not Cause Disease in Cattle—He Believes the Reverse Is Also True.

The address of Professor Robert Koch before the congress on tuberculosis in London on July 23, in which he expressed the belief that bovine tuberculosis was not the same as human tuberculosis, having aroused world-wide controversy, his exact words have assumed special interest. The cables gave but a fragment of what Professor Koch said, though fairly presenting his view. Dr. Koch made a few preliminary remarks on the importance of international co-operation in the war on consumption, and the London Times reports him as follows:

"Now, the question was whether what had hitherto been done and what was about to be done against tuberculosis really struck at the root of tuberculosis, so that it must sooner or later die. In order to answer that question it was necessary first and foremost to inquire how infection took place in tuberculosis. Of course he presupposed that we understood by tuberculosis only those morbid conditions which were caused by the tubercle bacilli. In by far the majority of cases of tuberculosis the disease had its seat in the lungs and had also begun there. From this fact it was justly concluded that the germs of the disease—i. e., the tubercle bacilli—must have got into the lungs by inhalation.

"As to the question where the inhaled tubercle bacilli had come from, there was also no doubt. On the contrary, we knew with certainty that they got into the air with the sputum of consumptive patients. This sputum, especially in advanced stages of the disease, almost always contained tubercle bacilli, sometimes in incredible quantities. By coughing and even speaking it was flung into the air in little droplets, i. e., in a moist condition—and could at once infect persons who happened to be near the coughers. But then it might also be pulverized when dried—in the linen or on the floor, for instance—and get into the air in the form of dust. In this manner a complete circle, a so-called circular virus, had been formed for the process of infection, from the diseased lung, which produced phlegm and pus containing tubercle bacilli, to the formation of moist and dry particles (which, in virtue of their smallness, could keep floating a good while in the air) and finally to new infection if particles penetrated with the air into a healthy lung and originated the disease anew.

"But the tubercle bacilli might get to other organs of the body in the same way and thus originate other forms of tuberculosis. That, however, was a considerably rarer case. The sputum of consumptive people, then, was to be regarded as the main source of the infection of tuberculosis. On that point, he supposed, all were agreed. The question now arose whether there were not other sources too copious to demand consideration in the combating of tuberculosis. Great importance used to be attached to the hereditary transmission of tuberculosis. Now, however, it had been demonstrated by thorough investigation that, though hereditary tuberculosis was not absolutely nonexistent, it was nevertheless extremely rare, and we were at liberty in considering our practical measures to leave that form of origin entirely out of account.

"But another possibility of tubercular infection existed, as was generally assumed, in the transmission of the germs of the disease from tubercular animals to man. This manner of infection was generally regarded nowadays as proved and as so frequent that it was even looked upon by not a few as the most important, and the most rigorous measures were demanded against it. In this congress also the discussion of the danger with which the tuberculosis of animals threatened man would play an important part. Now, as his investigations had led him to form an opinion deviating from that which was generally accepted, he begged their permission, in consideration of the great importance of this question, to discuss it a little more thoroughly.

"Genuine tuberculosis had hitherto been observed in almost all domestic animals and most frequently in poultry and cattle. The tuberculosis of poultry, however, differed so much from human tuberculosis that we might leave it out of account as a possible source of infection for man. So, strictly speaking, the only kind of animal tuberculosis remaining to be considered was the tuberculosis of cattle, which, if really transmissible to man, would indeed have frequent opportunities of infecting human beings through the drinking of the milk and the eating of the flesh of diseased animals. Even in his first circumstantial publication on the etiology of tuberculosis he expressed himself regarding the identity of human tuberculosis and bovine tuberculosis with reserve. Proved facts which would have enabled him sharply to distinguish these two forms of the disease were not then at his disposal, but sure proofs of their absolute identity were equally undiscoverable, and he therefore had to leave this question undecided.

"In order to decide if he had repeatedly resumed the investigations relating to it, but so long as he experimented on small animals, such as rabbits and guinea pigs, he failed to arrive at

any satisfactory result, though indications which rendered the difference of the two forms of tuberculosis probable were not wanting. Not till the completion of the ministry of agriculture enabled him to experiment on cattle, the only animals really suitable for these investigations, did he arrive at absolutely conclusive results. Of the experiments which he had carried out during the last two years, along with Professor Schutz of the Veterinary college in Berlin, he would tell them briefly some of the most important. A number of young cattle which had stood the tuberculin test, and might therefore be regarded as free from tuberculosis, were infected in various ways with pure cultures of tubercle bacilli taken from cases of human tuberculosis. Some of them got the tubercular sputum of consumptive patients direct.

"In some cases the tubercle bacilli or the sputum were injected under the skin, in others into the peritoneal cavity, in others into the jugular vein. Six animals were fed with tubercular sputum almost daily for seven or eight months; four repeatedly inhaled great quantities of bacilli, which were distributed in water and scattered with it in the form of spray. None of these cattle (there were 19 of them) showed any symptoms of disease, and they gained considerably in weight. From six to eight months after the beginning of the experiments they were killed. In their internal organs not a trace of tuberculosis was found. The result was utterly different, however, when the same experiment was made on cattle free from tuberculosis with tubercle bacilli that came from the lungs of an animal suffering from bovine tuberculosis. After an incubation period of about a week the severest tubercular disorders of the internal organs broke out in all the infected animals. After death extensive tubercular infiltrations were found at the place where the injections had been made and in the neighboring lymphatic glands and also far advanced alterations of the internal organs, especially the lungs and the spleen.

"The difference between human and bovine tuberculosis appeared not less striking in a similar experiment with asses, sheep and goats, into whose vascular systems the two kinds of tubercle bacilli were injected. Their experiments, he must add, were not the only ones that have led to this result. If one studied the older literature of the subject and collated the reports of the numerous experiments that were made in former times by Chauveau, Gunther, Harns, Bollinger and others, who fed calves, swine and goats with tubercular material, one found that the animals that were fed with the milk and pieces of the lungs of tubercular cattle always fell ill of tuberculosis, whereas those that received human material with their food did not.

"Considering all these facts, he felt justified in maintaining that human tuberculosis differed from bovine and could not be transmitted to cattle. It seemed to him very desirable, however, that these experiments should be repeated elsewhere in order that all doubt as to the correctness of his assertion might be removed. He wished only to add that owing to the great importance of this matter the German government had appointed a commission to make further inquiries on the subject.

"But, now, how was it with the susceptibility of man to bovine tuberculosis? This question was far more important to us than that of susceptibility of cattle to human tuberculosis, highly important as that was too. It was impossible to give this question a direct answer because, of course, the experimental investigation of it with human beings was out of the question. Indirectly, however, we could try to approach it. It was well known that the milk and butter consumed in great cities very often contained large quantities of the bacilli of bovine tuberculosis in a living condition, as the numerous infection experiments with such dairy products on animals had proved. Most of the inhabitants of such cities daily consumed such living and perfectly virulent bacilli of bovine tuberculosis, and unintentionally carried out the experiment which we were not at liberty to make.

"If the bacilli of bovine tuberculosis were able to infect human beings, many cases of tuberculosis caused by the consumption of aliment containing tubercle bacilli could not but occur among the inhabitants of great cities, especially the children. And most medical men believed that this was actually the case. In reality, however, it was not so. That a case of tuberculosis had been caused by aliment could be assumed with certainty only when the intestine suffered first—i. e., when a so-called primary tuberculosis of the intestine was found. But such cases were extremely rare. Among many cases of tuberculosis examined after death he himself remembered having seen primary tuberculosis of the intestine only twice. Among the great post mortem material of the Charité hospital in Berlin 10 cases of primary tuberculosis of the intestine occurred in five years. Among 933 cases of tuberculosis in children at the Emperor and Empress Frederick's Hospital for Children, Baginsky never found tuberculosis of the intestine without simultaneous disease of the lungs and the bronchial glands. Among 3,104 post mortem examinations of tubercular children, Biedert observed only 16 cases of primary tuberculosis of the intestine.

"He could cite from the literature of the subject many more statistics of the same kind, all indubitably showing that primary tuberculosis of the intestine, especially among children, was a comparatively rare disease, and of these few cases that had been enumerated it was by no means certain that they were due to infection by bovine tuberculosis. It was just as likely that they were caused by the widely propagated

bacilli of human tuberculosis, which might have got into the digestive canal in some way or other—for instance, by swallowing saliva of the mouth. Hitherto nobody could decide with certainty in such a case whether the tuberculosis of the intestine was of human or of animal origin. Now we could diagnose them. All that was necessary was to cultivate in pure culture the tubercle bacilli found in the tubercular material and to ascertain whether they belonged to bovine tuberculosis by inoculating cattle with them. For this purpose he recommended subsequent infection, which yielded quite specially characteristic and convincing results. For half a year past he had occupied himself with such investigations, but owing to the richness of the disease in question the number of the cases he had been able to investigate was but small.

"What had hitherto resulted from this investigation did not speak for the assumption that bovine tuberculosis occurred in man. Though the important question whether man was susceptible to bovine tuberculosis at all was not yet absolutely decided and would not admit of absolute decision today or tomorrow, one was nevertheless already at liberty to say that if such a susceptibility really existed the infection of human beings was but a very rare occurrence. He should estimate the extent of infection by the milk and flesh of tubercular cattle and the butter made of their milk as hardly greater than that of hereditary transmission, and he therefore did not deem it advisable to take any measures against it. So the only main source of the infection of tuberculosis was the sputum of consumptive patients, and the measures for the combating of tuberculosis must aim at the prevention of the dangers arising from its diffusion.

Professor Koch then went on to discuss means of preventing tuberculosis or consumptive patients from spreading the disease. He advised the disinfection of facts about the disease, the careful watch over it by boards of health, the founding of special hospitals and sanatoriums.

"If now, in conclusion, they glanced back once more to what had been done hitherto for the combating of tuberculosis and forward to what had still to be done, they were at liberty to declare with a certain satisfaction that very promising beginnings had already been made. Among those he reckoned the consumption hospitals of England, the legal regulations regarding notifications in Norway and Saxony, the organization created by Biggs in New York, the sanatoria, and the instruction of the people. All that was necessary was to go on developing those beginnings, to test and, if possible, to increase their influence on the diminution of tuberculosis and wherever nothing had yet been done to do likewise. If they were continually guided in this enterprise by the spirit of genuine preventive medical science, if they utilized the experience gained in conflict with other pestilences and aimed with clear recognition of the purpose and resolute avoidance of wrong roads at striking the evil at its root, then the battle against tuberculosis, which had been so energetically begun, could not fail to have a victorious issue."

NEW DEATH DEALING GUN.

Weapon to Discharge Liquid "Greek Fire" From One to Ten Miles.

Thomas J. Lovegrove of New Egypt, near Toms River, N. J., for many years inspector of steam boilers in Philadelphia, claims to have invented a new "Greek fire" and also the style of gun requisite to throw it ten miles away, says the Philadelphia Public Ledger. He is endeavoring to negotiate with Li Hung Chang, through Minister Wu Ting Fang at Washington, for a sale of rights in his discovery.

Describing his invention, Mr. Lovegrove says: "The cruel war in China and the equally cruel war in South Africa inspired the invention of a new American 'Greek fire' peacemaker, which will make the horrors of war more horrible and thus make the blessings of peace more possible. This peacemaker is a mode of shooting and squirting a liquid at a temperature as high as 500 degrees. The liquid can be shot one mile or ten miles, and at the terminal of the range it can be scattered 100 or 200 feet by impact and pneumatic pressure. It can also be squirted 180 degrees in a radius of 2,200 feet.

"The squirter can be made stationary or on wheels, to be moved from point to point, as is field artillery. Three of these squirters will put hors d' combat 10,000 of a charging column each minute. These squirters are entirely hydraulic and have not a particle of machinery to interfere with the result of the operation."

Mr. Lovegrove at various times has been the inventor of numerous attachments to steam engines and also is the line of improved gunnery.

Will Model Frances Willard Statue.

It was announced recently at Buffalo that the statue of Frances E. Willard to be presented by the state of Illinois to the national capital at Washington will be modeled by Helen F. Mears of Oshkosh, Wis. For two years Miss Mears studied with Augustus St. Gaudens and has been his assistant in serious work in New York and Paris. The statue will be of white marble, and the work upon it will be pushed with all possible promptness.

Women to Own an Oklahoma Town.

A town site in Oklahoma was organized recently at El Reno, O. T., composed exclusively of ladies. Some of the most prominent ladies of Oklahoma are connected with the enterprise, says the St. Louis Republic. They propose to build a town in the Comanche country, every lot in which will be actually owned by women.

The Want of Working People.

When the working man or woman feels sick—liver, stomach or kidneys are out of gear—then Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills do a world of good acting directly on these organs and the bowels.

BAY CITY, MICH. Mr. L. H. Mans, 1301 Columbus Avenue, Bay City, Mich., by overwork and too assiduous attention to his business, brought on an attack of kidney trouble, which made it necessary for him to leave off working at times. He states: "On the recommendation of Mr. Geo. Leyer, druggist of this place, I purchased a box of Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills for my kidney trouble. They acted so well in relieving my pain and backache that I persisted in the use of them until perfectly cured of my trouble. I am a well man now, thanks to the use of Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills."

FRIENDSHIP, N. Y. Mrs. Mary Latham writes: "About one year ago I wrote to Dr. Chase about my sickness and asked his advice. For years before that I had suffered a great deal of pain with my back. This was brought on by kidney disorders. My stomach and liver were in terrible shape also. I treated with a doctor for a long time, but never got any real relief until Dr. Chase sent me a box of his Kidney-Liver Pills. I began to improve immediately and found a real cure in them."

A. W. CHASE'S KIDNEY-LIVER PILLS. SOLD IN LIMA BY WILLIAM MELVILLE.

EXCURSION RATES TO TOLEDO.

For the trip of the Union Association of Lumber Dealers, concentrating at Toledo, August 16th. Agents of the Ohio Central Lines will sell excursion tickets to Toledo and return, selling Friday, August 16th, from all stations in Ohio. Tickets good returning until Sept. 4th, 1901. d&wt

A YOUNG LADY'S LIFE SAVED.

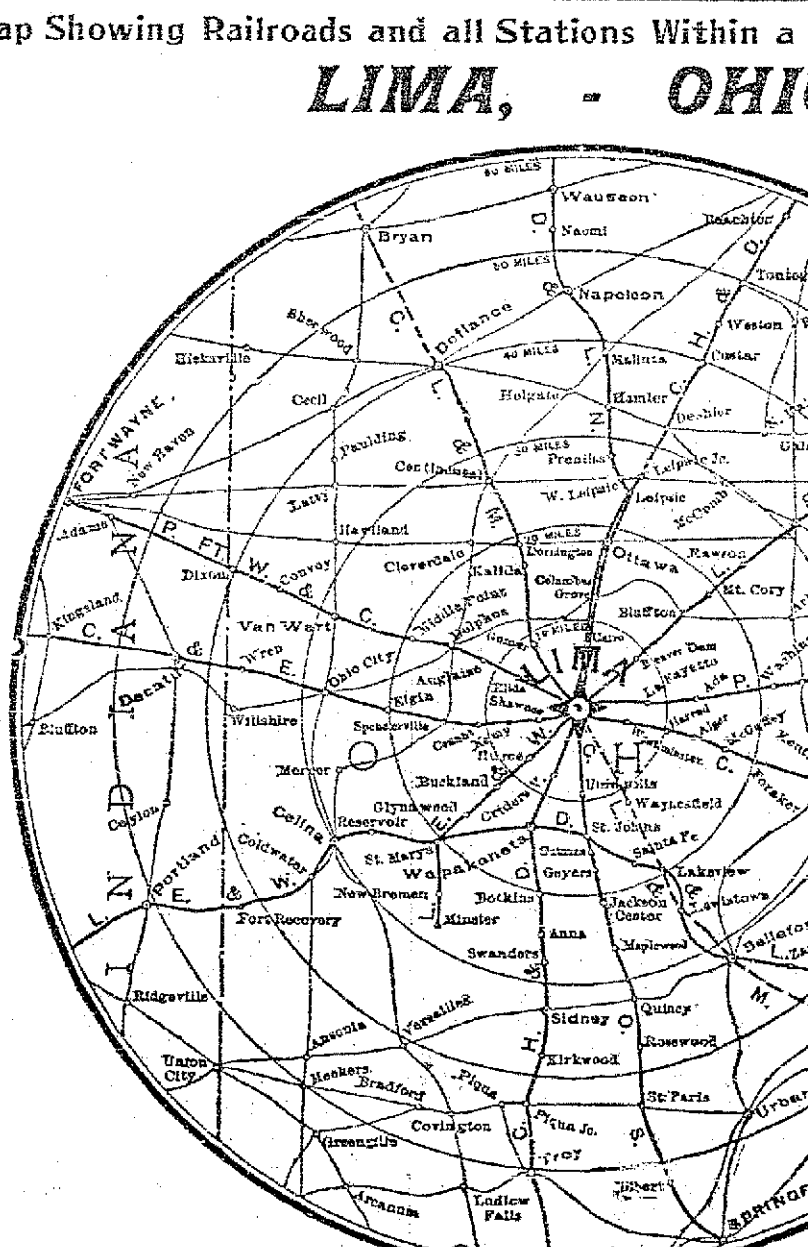
At Panama, Colombia, by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

Dr. Chas. R. Uter, a prominent physician of Panama, Colombia, in a recent letter states: "Last March I had as a patient a young lady sixteen years of age, who had a very bad attack of dyspepsia. Everything I prescribed for her proved ineffectual and she was growing worse every hour. Her parents were sure she would die. She had become so weak that she could not turn over in bed. What to do at this critical moment was a study for me, but I thought of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and as a last resort prescribed it. The most wonderful result was effected. Within eight hours she was feeling much better; inside of three days she was upon her feet and at the end of one week was entirely well."

For sale by Wm. M. Melville, old post office corner.

Rosewood and mahogany are so plentiful in Mexico that some of the copper mines there are timbered with rosewood, while mahogany is used as fuel for the engines.

Map Showing Railroads and all Stations Within a Radius of Sixty Miles of LIMA, - OHIO.



WHY LIMA IS A GOOD CITY FOR WHOLESALE BUSINESS.

It is located in Northwestern Ohio, with direct railroad connection with every county in the state, and with every part of the United States. Twenty (20) local freight trains arrive and leave Lima every day except Sunday, Lima being a division point on all lines. Forty-six (46) passenger trains in and out of Lima every day. Seventy-five to one hundred through freight trains pass through Lima every day. The following Express Companies handle business out of Lima to all points at one rate: Adams Express Company, American Express Company, National Express Company, Pacific Express Company, Southern Express Company, United States Express Company, Wells-Fargo Express Company.

AVOID THE HEAT AND DUST

When You Go East by Traveling via D. & C., the Coast Line.

The new steel passenger steamers leave St. Ignace, Mackinac, Cheboygan and Alpena four times per week for Detroit, Toledo, Cleveland, Buffalo, Pittsburg, New York, Cincinnati, and all points East, South and Southeast.

A. A. SCHANTZ, G. P. A., Detroit, Mich.

WOULD HAVE COST HIM HIS LIFE.

Oscar Bowman, Lebanon, Ky., writes: "I have been using Foley's Kidney Cure and take great pleasure in stating it gave me permanent cure of kidney disease which certainly would have cost me my life." Take none but Foley's.

H. P. Vorkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

SPECIAL SUMMER EXCURSIONS

To Colorado, Utah, South Dakota and Minnesota.

Commencing June 18th, and every day following until Sept. 10th inclusive, agents of the Ohio Central Lines will sell special low rate summer excursion tickets to points in Colorado, Utah, South Dakota and Minnesota. Tickets good returning until October 31st, 1901.

Ask agents of Ohio Central Lines for rates and full particulars. d&wt

A Cure for Cholera Infantum.

"Last May," says Mrs. Curtis Baker, of Bookwater, Ohio, "an infant child of our neighbor's was suffering from cholera infantum. The doctor had given up all hopes of recovery. I took a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy to the house, telling them I felt sure it would do good if used according to directions. In two days' time the child had fully recovered, and is now (nearly a year since) a vigorous, healthy girl. I have recommended this Remedy frequently and have never known it to fail in any single instance." For sale by Wm. M. Melville, old post office corner.

EXCURSION RATES TO MT. VERNON.

One fare round trip to Mt. Vernon, Ohio, via Ohio Central Lines, account of State Camp Meeting. Tickets on sale from all points in Ohio, August 9th to 23d, 1901. d&wt

THE PARLOR CAR ROUTE BETWEEN COLUMBUS AND TOLEDO.

THE DIRECT LINE BETWEEN TOLEDO, ST. MARYS, COLUMBUS, MARIETTA, ATHENS, MIDDLEPORT, GALLIPOLIS, CHARLESTON, WEST VA.

RATES VIA OHIO CENTRAL LINES ALWAYS AS LOW AS THE LOWEST.

Write us for Time Cards, Folders, Rates, Etc.

MOULTON HOOK, G. P. A., TOLEDO, O.

CH&D

CINCINNATI, HAMILTON & DAYTON R.R.

THE LINE TO THE NORTH

DIRECT TO THE RESORTS OF THE GREAT LAKES

LOW ROUND-TRIP RATES TO

Mackinac, Port Huron, Detroit, St. Ignace, Mich. City, Toledo, Cleveland, Buffalo, Pittsburg, New York, Cincinnati, and all points East, South and Southeast.

Through Sleeper Every Friday from Cincinnati to Mackinac. For full particulars of C. H. & D. or connect with line agents for particulars regarding routes, rates, etc.

D. G. EDWARDS, Passenger Traffic Mgr., CINCINNATI.

BUFFALO EXPOSITION

ALL RAIL THROUGH CANADA.

LAKE ERIE STEAMERS.

3 Trains Daily to Toledo and Detroit making direct connection with rail and steamship lines for all northern tourist points.

Through Sleeper Every Friday from Cincinnati to Mackinac. For full particulars of C. H. & D. or connect with line agents for particulars regarding routes, rates, etc.

D. G. EDWARDS, Passenger Traffic Mgr., CINCINNATI.

IT IS THE MORROW

Rest as You Ride

THE MORROW

Coaster Brake

Guarantee you absolute comfort and pleasure in riding. The only coaster brake that always works. See it at your dealer's.

You Ride So Much, but

Pay Only \$5.00

100,000 satisfied riders last year. See it at your dealer's. Write for full particulars.

Kalpine Mfg. Co., Elkhart, N. J.

Foley's Kidney Cure

makes kidneys and bladder right.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE



RAILROAD

Time Card in Effect March 11, 1900.

From Lima, Ohio.

THIRTEEN WEEKS.

Depart.

No. 5. Vestibule Limited, daily, 11:35 a.m.

Chicago and the West, daily, 1:12 a.m.

Chicago and the West, except Sunday, 9:10 a.m.

No. 1. Local Freight, daily, 7:00 a.m.

No. 12. Wells-Fargo Limited, daily, 4:30 p.m.

press, daily, except Sunday, 9:02 p.m.

No. 2. Express, daily, for New York, 8:24 a.m.

No. 12. Express, daily, for New York, 8:41 a.m.

No. 12. Local Freight, daily, 7:00 a.m.

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LOCAL TIME CARD.

P. F. W. & C.

NO.	ROUTE	DEPART
24	Pittsburgh special, daily	12:35 a.m.
25	Eastern express, daily	7:35 a.m.
26	Overnight accommodation, daily except Sunday	9:00 a.m.
27	To Alliance, daily except Sunday	2:45 p.m.
28	New York special, daily	6:37 p.m.
29	Day Express, daily	9:30 a.m.
30	Limited Express, daily	10:40 p.m.
31	WEST BOUND.	
32	Chicago and west, daily	1:55 a.m.
33	Limited Express, daily	2:35 a.m.
34	Chicago Special, daily	8:35 a.m.
35	Chicago and west, daily except Sunday	9:40 a.m.
36	Chicago and west, daily except Sunday	2:25 p.m.
37	Wayne accommodation, daily except Sunday	5:20 p.m.

Where To Locate?

WHY, IN THE TERRITORY TRAVELERS BY THE

Louisville AND Nashville Railroad,

The Great Central Southern Trunkline

KENTUCKY, TENNESSEE ALABAMA, MISSISSIPPI, FLORIDA

WHERE

Farmers Fruit Growers, Stock Raisers, Manufacturers, Investors, Speculators and Money Lenders

will find the greatest changes to the United States to make "big money" by reason of the abundance and cheapness of

LAND AND FARMS, TIMBER AND STONE, IRON AND COAL, LABOR—EVERYTHING!

Free titles, financial assistance, and free loan from taxation, for the manufacturer, land and farms at \$10 per acre and upwards and 500 acres or more in West Florida that can be taken gratis under U.S. Homestead laws.

Brookings in the Gulf Coast District will make enormous profits. Half fare excursions the first and third Tuesdays of each month.

Let us know what you want, and we will tell you where and how to get it—but don't delay, as the country is filling up rapidly. Printed matter, maps and all information free. Address: R. J. WEMMERS, General Immigration and Industrial Agent, apb if LOUISVILLE, KY.

THE GREAT Pan-American Exposition BUFFALO, N. Y.

May to November, 1901.

Make arrangements now for your Summer Vacation, and join one of the

Special Low-Rate Personally Conducted Excursions

VIA THE

Lake Erie & Western R. R.

The Pioneer Niagara Falls Excursions Route.

Both Shows This Year for One Admission.

For full particulars, call on agents Lake Erie & Western R. R., or addressing

C. F. DALY, General Passenger Agent, Indianapolis, Ind.

The Easy Food

Easy to Buy, Easy to Cook, Easy to Eat, Easy to Digest.

Quaker Oats

At all grocers in 7-lb. pkgs. only.

Admiral and Mrs. Dewey have engaged apartments at the Hotel Wentworth, Portsmouth, N. H., for a part of August. The admiral is well known in that city, as his first wife was a Portsmouth woman. However this will be his first visit since the battle which won him fame.

No Laudanum—Nothing that could harm the little one in

DR. JAMES' SOOTHING SYRUP CORDIAL.

Cures all the ills of childhood.

At drug stores, 25 cents a bottle.

W. M. Melville and The Moll Pharmacy

Dr. Humphreys'

Specifies cure by acting directly upon the disease, without exciting disorder in any other part of the system.

CURES.

1—Fever, Congestions, Inflammations, 25

2—Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic, 25

3—Feet, Cold, Crying, Wakefulness, 25

4—Diarrhea, of Children or Adults, 25

5—Cough, Colds, Whooping Cough, 25

6—Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache, 25

7—Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo, 25

8—Hysteria, Indigestion, Weak Stomach, 25

9—Suppressed or Painful Periods, 25

10—Whitish, Too Profuse Periods, 25

11—Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness, 25

12—Cold Rheum, Erysipelas, Pruritus, 25

13—Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains, 25

14—Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague, 25

15—Cotarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head, 25

16—Whooping Cough, 25

17—Kidney Diseases, 25

18—Nervous Debility, 1.00

19—Lithic Rheum, Gout, Gravel, 25

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LARGEST SHIP AFLOAT.

Dimensions of the Giant White Star Liner Celtic.

COMFORT, NOT SPEED, HER MOTTO

Over an Eighth of a Mile Long. She Can Carry 3,194 Persons and a Cargo of 18,000 Tons—Extraordinary Deck Space—Hardly Any Seasickness on Board.

Seven sturdy tugs pulled into the White Star dock at New York the other morning the greatest steamship afloat, the first 20,000 ton vessel the world has ever seen—the Celtic, from Liverpool in 8 days and 46 minutes, with nothing more serious to mar her maiden voyage than the death on the second day out of a prize Arcturion for which Foxhall Keene had just paid \$2,000.

Think of a building nine stories high, with a frontage of three and a half blocks on Fifth avenue, and you will get some idea of this biggest ship afloat, which came safely into port under command of Captain H. St. J. Lindsay. R. N. R., says a New York World staff correspondent who crossed on the Celtic.

An idea of this sea giant's size might be had, too, from the fact that, safely alongside her pier, she towered so high that her lowest open deck was above the level of the pier roof and no companionway could reach it. This difficulty was overcome by opening the bulkhead doors of the middle deck. At Liverpool the passengers had boarded her by a temporary stairway from the roof of the landing stage.

Though she brought over only 345 cabin passengers and 278 steerage passengers, the Celtic has accommodations for 3,530 passengers—350 first class, 119 second and the balance third, and in addition a crew of 335, in all 3,194 human beings. Still further idea of her size can be gained from her cargo capacity. The displacement at load draft is 25,500 tons, her gross tonnage 23,394 tons, and she can carry over 18,000 tons of actual cargo.

She is 700 feet long and 75 feet wide and has nine decks, known as the lower, orlop, orlop, lower, middle, upper, bridge, upper bridge, boat and sun decks.

This giantess of the seas is a twin screw ship, built with every appliance for safety that human ingenuity has been able to devise. She has not been built, though, to break records of speed, but to break records for comfort.

All the first class rooms are amidships, and every room is practically an outside room and can have fresh air through its own window in practically any weather. Most of the rooms are more than twice the size of those usually found on steamers. Baths are as numerous as in a first class New York hotel.

The deck space for all classes is one of the extraordinary features of the new ship, the third class passengers having quite as good a deck space as any other ship. The top deck contains only the splendid library and smoking room, the next two decks the staterooms and the fourth deck the immense first class dining room and staterooms of both first and second class. The whole fifth deck is given up entirely to third class passengers, while on this deck on the forepart, for instance, are the first class dining room and a small number of expensive staterooms.

The second class accommodations are quite equal to those first class passengers had up to a few years ago and in nearly every respect are quite equal in comfort to first class. In fact, it is difficult to distinguish between first and second class quarters, the main difference being in decoration and situation.

The improvement in the third class or steerage accommodations is of the striking feature of this notable ship. They are far better than the second of not more than a dozen years ago. Just imagine a passage in the steerage with the comforts of a large social room, with chairs and a piano; a large smoking room with seats; dining rooms, with a seat for every one; bathrooms and lavatories as complete as the first class passenger has, and with rooms for families better than the old second class, and you have not an immigrant's dream, but a Celtic reality. Everything is painted white, so that every part can be kept clean and bright looking.

One of the greatest comforts throughout the ship is the absence of heavy and unsuitable decoration. In the first and second class quarters the floors of the corridors, saloons and smoking rooms are laid with patent rubber flooring, a material upon which a slip is impossible and upon which the heaviest foot descends noiselessly.

The Celtic also demonstrates the marvelous accuracy of modern shipbuilding and the confidence not only of the builders, but of the public, that the new ship will do what is expected of her. With her only trial a four-hour sea test, the Celtic started on her maiden voyage of 3,000 miles with over 1,000 people on board. She is a 17 knot ship, and expects to leave New York on Tuesday and arrive in Liverpool the following Wednesday. Her motto is "Comfort, not speed," and she attains her aim.

Sensitiveness was an almost unknown complaint on her, as she proved to be wonderfully steady with practically no cargo. The voyage was uneventful, with no very severe weather, though she was delayed by more than her share of fog.

BESANT ON KING ALFRED.

Sir Walter's Tribute to the Great Anglo-Saxon Leader.

These extracts are from advance sheets of "The Story of King Alfred,"

KNIFE

Thrust May Prove
a Fatal One.

Colored Tramp

Attacks a White Man
With a Knife

And Leaves Him, Almost
Disemboweled, Lying in
a Freight Car.

Victim Taken to the Hospital—The
Colored Man Escaped—Police
Arrest Number of Tramps
on Suspicion.

Shortly before 2 o'clock this morning some tramps who were sleeping in a box car on one of the side tracks at the former site of the Pease saw mill, near the junction of the C. H. & D. and Erie tracks, were awakened and startled by hearing a cry of horror and agony from an adjoining car. They hurried to the place and found a man lying on the floor of the car with his legs swinging out of the door and with a gaping wound in his abdomen. The wounded man was still conscious and stated that he had been slashed by a colored man who had been in the car with him. The colored man had disappeared but the other tramps hurried away to notify the police and soon a report of the cutting was telephoned to acting lieutenant Patton and Bennett's ambulance was hurried to the scene.

The wounded man gave his name as James Cain and gave New York city as his home. He did not know the colored man's name and claimed he had had no trouble with him but stated that the man assaulted him with a knife without provocation. The wounded man's abdomen was laid open on one side, the knife blade having cut through to the intestines. He was removed to the hospital and the physicians who attended him found the wound a very serious one.

Chief Huxley, officer Grant, Shook and Sullivan arrested twelve tramps on suspicion but no trace of the colored man who did the cutting could be found. The tramps who were arrested on suspicion, gave their names as follows: Jas. Tyler, Floyd Foster, Harry Penrod, John DeVan, Lewis Hanson, John McGarry, Jack McGone, Joe Campbell, George White, Jos. Coleman, Harry Williams and Frank Moore.

Coroner Burton called at the hospital this morning and took the injured man's ante-mortem statement in which he says he is 34 years of age and an iron worker by trade, having been engaged in that business in Pittsburgh and several other places in Pennsylvania. "Last night," said Coyne, "I came to this city from Washington and was lying down in a box car after having removed my hat, coat and shoes. Soon afterwards I was startled to find a large negro near me, attempting to steal my shoes. I called to him and attempted to recover my shoes, when he stabbed me."

Certain portions of Coyne's story appears inconsistent to the officials. He says the would be murderer used a knife, whereas the wound, when examined, showed signs of having been made with some blunt instrument as the flesh was not cut but torn.

On arriving at the hospital, Coyne said that he had a brother and sister living in New York city. To coroner Burton he said he had no relatives to notify in case his injuries prove fatal. As is stated above, he said his home is in New York but also says he can not recall the street address. It may be stated that the injured man's serious condition has a tendency to cause a confusion of statements. At a late hour this afternoon, his condition was very critical and if he lives through the night it will be a surprise to the authorities.

PICNIC

Will be Enjoyed at McBeth's
Next Saturday.

The painters, paper hangers and decorators will unite next Saturday and go to McBeth's park for a picnic, which will last during the afternoon and evening. All who go are requested to prepare baskets of luncheon for the spread in the evening. Tickets can be secured at the City Book Store or at A. E. Hess, at Heinger's, south east corner of the square.

E—1—8—H at Townsend's.

SUDDEN

Was the Death of Mrs.
John A. Plock.

Stricken While Preparing
the Family Meal

And was Found to be Beyond All
Earthly Aid When Dr. Burton,
the Family Physician,
Arrived.

The home of John A. Plock, at 127 west Wayne street, was saddened this morning about 6 o'clock through the death of the wife and mother, Mrs. Olivia Plock.

Apparently in good health, Mrs. Plock was engaged in preparing breakfast for the family. Suddenly she tottered backward, exclaiming that her heart bothered her and she feared she would not recover. Dr. Burton was immediately summoned but found the dying woman beyond medical aid and in a short time she passed away.

Mrs. Plock was born in Champaign county, O., sixty one years ago. Many years of her useful life were spent in Lima. To mourn their loss she leaves, beside a husband, four children, Charles, Frank, George and Mrs. Florence Seltz. One child, Mrs. Dan Gorman, preceded the mother to everlasting rest a few years ago.

The funeral services will be held Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock and interment will be made in Woodlawn cemetery.

THE IDLER.

Big Force at Work.

A force of fifty men and nine teams commenced work on the Western Ohio electric railway on lower Main street Monday. As fast as the grade is made ties and rails will be laid. It is the intention to complete the track through town inside of two weeks.

We have it from reliable source that the work of grading and laying ties and rails will be pushed from here to Lima as rapidly as possible till the line is completed.—Bluffton Tri-County Weekly.

Got What They Wanted.

At the meeting of the city council of Lima the Western Ohio Railway company was granted the privilege of crossing the hydraulic near Lima at a point near the Ashton farm north of the city, and granted the right of way along the west bank of the stream after an animated discussion. Five members of the council voted in favor of the motion to grant the right of way, two refused to vote, and one voted against the motion.

MAYOR'S COURT.

One Man Fined and Three
Others Dismissed.

A. C. Holland was arraigned before the mayor this morning on a charge of drunkenness. He pleaded guilty, was fined \$5.00 and was released on a promise to pay.

Jacob Iams and John Cottner, arrested for a slight disturbance they created at their boarding house, were dismissed.

William Patrick, a couple of days ago on complaint filed by his wife, was dismissed, Mrs. Patrick failing to appear.

COMPARE THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT WITH ANY OTHER LIMA PAPER AND YOU WILL SEE THAT IT CONTAINS THE MOST LOCAL AND TELEGRAPHIC NEWS, AND IT GIVES YOU TO-DAY'S HAPPENINGS TO-DAY.

\$6 Silk Waists for \$3.98 at
Carroll & Cooney's.

Burdock Blood Bitters gives a man a clear head, an active brain, a strong vigorous body—makes him fit for the battle of life.

BROUGHT

The Remains to Lima for
Interment.

The remains of the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. B. Overmyer, of Columbus, arrived in the city this morning over the Erie at 11:33 o'clock and were taken to the home of Mrs. Francis Gibbs, at 921 west High street, where the funeral services will be held tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock. Interment will be made in Woodlawn cemetery.

GOOD

Address Delivered
Last Night

To Switchmen

By Vice Grand Master
Leonard Ames.

Members are Added to Lima
Lodge No. 91, Switch-
men's Union.

Good Protection for Good Men the
Cause for Which the Veteran
Railroad Works—News
of the Railroads.

A representative number of Lima switchmen responded to the call for an open meeting in the city council chamber last evening, the occasion being a visit paid to Lima Lodge No. 91, Switchmen's Union of North America, by the First Vice Grand Master of the order, Mr. Leonard Ames, a veteran railroad man, who suffered the total disability of his left hand while in the service switching box cars. The meeting was addressed by Mr. Ames, who proved to be an able and an entertaining speaker. He illustrated in eloquent word pictures the advantages of switchmen who become members of the S. U., which furnishes not only protection to its members, but also, protects the widows and orphans, when as only too frequently occurs, new names are added to the long list of those who have fallen victims of their hazardous employment.

The stone mason, the machinist and men of similar trades can make a mistake and try it over but the switchman can only make one. He has no opportunity to make a second attempt. Mr. Ames says the railroad companies today recognize the fact that the union switchmen are the right men to employ. They are experienced, sober, industrious men and good citizens or they cannot be members of the union. The union is not trying to precipitate strikes and tie up roads. All it demands is justice and it secures justice in a just manner.

After the open meeting the lodge went into executive session and several new members were taken into the order.

Sketch of Gordon.

The August number of the C. H. & D. Magazine is in circulation and as usual is complete with bright and sparkling thoughts of especial interest to those associated with railroad life. A full page half tone of Supt. J. A. Gordon of the Wellston division, appears accompanied by the following sketch:

Mr. Gordon is a Cincinnati by birth; was educated in the public schools at Glendale, O., and St. Xavier College, Cincinnati. He graduated from latter institution in 1884; entered the service of the C. H. & D. Railway July, 1884, as night telegraph operator at Glendale, then accepted the position of yard clerk in Cincinnati yard; served as clerk at various desks in C. H. & D. local freight office. He was the first agent appointed at Ironton. He resigned this position in July, 1887 to July, 1888, made a tour of Europe; upon his return he resumed service with C. H. & D. Railway in the Auditor's office. In the fall of 1888, when a car service bureau was established in Cincinnati, he was the first car service clerk employed by the C. H. & D. Railway. In March, 1890, he was appointed joint agent of the C. H. & D. and B. & O. S. W. Railway, at Winton Junction.

In May, 1890, was appointed chief clerk to Superintendent of the Cincinnati Division. In November, 1893, he was appointed trainmaster of the Cincinnati Division, with headquarters at Dayton, O. In March, 1896, he was promoted to superintendent of the Wellston Division of C. H. & D. Railway, which position he occupies at present. Mr. Gordon is a very efficient official, and is held in the highest esteem by his superiors and the traveling public.

Zartman's New Place.

Concerning S. B. Zartman's new position, the Toledo Times publishes the following:

"S. B. Zartman, the erstwhile superintendent of the St. Louis division of the Clover Leaf, has again turned up. This time he has been appointed general superintendent and assistant manager of the St. Louis, Caruthersville & Memphis railroad, a steam line running between Caruthersville, Mo., and Blytheville, Ark., almost paralleling the Mississippi. The road is about 40 miles long, and S. Brinkerhoff, of Fre-

mont, O., is president, while L. H. Burgoon, who was formerly connected with the Lake Erie & Western and other Ohio railroads, is connected with the line."

A Breath of Fresh Air.

Attached to the 10:25 C. H. & D. train north yesterday morning was a special car containing the children who are being given an outing by a Cincinnati newspaper concern. Every seat in the coach was filled and the little waifs, many of them homeless, manifested by every sign their appreciation of the outing. Five were left at Piqua and were taken in charge by James Ward Keyt, who distributed them to the citizens who had volunteered to take them for two weeks.

General Notes.

Mrs. David O'Rourke, of Lima, Ohio, and Mrs. L. Bosker, of Chicago, daughters of engineer and Mrs. W. L. Scott, have returned to their respective homes after a visit with their parents. Mr. O'Rourke is a conductor on the Lake Erie and Western road and Mr. Bosker occupies a similar position on the Illinois Central road.—Fort Wayne Sentinel.

Mrs. W. W. Crooks, wife of Freight Agent Crooks, of the Pennsylvania has been called to Van Wert on account of the illness of her father, Joseph Ross.

Engineer Billy Glenn, of the Pennsylvania, made a fast run from Crestline to Ft. Wayne, he covered the distance in 119 minutes, an average speed of fifty-six miles an hour.

The little old coop used so long for Lake Erie & Western ticket office and the adjoining apartment where the waiting room was, are being torn out and will be added to the Florentine hotel as a lunch and dining room. The small window panes have been removed and large ones put in and the room will be nicely furnished.

Machinist Arthur Stuckey, of the Swan Engine Works, is laying off on account of having had his left eye painfully injured by a small piece of steel.

Conductor J. E. Purcell and brakeman L. Long have resigned from the service of the L. E. & W.

The workmen engaged in replacing the rails of the Lake Erie with heavier steel, have progressed until they are now at work at the foot of Putnam street. This line will soon be the peer of any road in the country.—Findlay Republican.

The Detroit Southern announces an excursion to Detroit next Sunday for \$1.50 the round trip.

The Lake Erie & Western and a big train out of Findlay today, carrying 500 Sunday school children and workers for a day's picnic at Vernillion. Negotiations had been made to hold the picnic at McBeth's lake, but the local management lost out.

C. H. & D. Notes.

A handsome new passenger coach on the C. H. & D. made its appearance yesterday, on the Findlay branch. The coach was fitted up with high-backed seats and is one of the finest in the city. A new combination coach which is now being built will be in use next week.

Win. Crosby, brakeman on the main line of the C. H. & D., has been transferred to the Findlay branch. He assumed his new duties yesterday morning. Mr. Crosby had been employed on the branch, before going to Toledo. President Woodford passed through Lima yesterday over the C. & E. and was met at the depot by Gen. Supt. Turner, of Cincinnati and Supt. Fletcher, who held a few minutes conference with him.

Conductor Dupont and engineer Rydman repeated their run of yesterday by taking the Dayton excursion through from Dayton.

Chief Engineer C. A. Wilson, of Cincinnati, was in the city for a short time yesterday.

Barbers, Four Bath Rooms and One Vapor Room on ground floor at Lutz's Barber Shop.

WISE

Are They Who See Porter & Son's
Stock Before Buying.

"Where are you going, my pretty maid?"

"To Porter & Son's music store, sir," she said;

Their stock throughout is of highest grade.

That's why the "Old Reliable" takes the lead.

Yes, that is what they all say; why just this week the homes of Elias Steel and W. Ross, of Columbus Grove, were beautified through the addition of out of Porter & Son's. Another wise man, who selected a fine Harvard piano and presented it to his sister of Coldwater, is H. J. Kaul, of the Putnam county Democrat.

Miss Kennedy, of Bluffton, Ind., after special visits to Cleveland and Columbus in search of a piano to suit her, came to this city a few days ago and saw one of Porter & Son's fine new Steaks. Suffice it to say, she now enjoys all the comforts of that high grade piano.

Choice Apples at Townsend's.



DON'T MISS THE

Dress Goods Remnant Sale

COMMENCING

Thursday Morning, 8 a. m.

There is a choice lot of Woollen Dress Goods Remnants for you on sale today.

ABOUT 400 GOOD REMNANTS IN ALL

A great many of Black Serges, Cheviots, Homespun, Henriettas and most every colored goods is here in either a waist length or enough for a skirt. Of course it goes without saying that there are many bargains here for you. Don't forget

Thursday Morning, 8 a. m.

On the First Floor, Main Room.



55-57 PUBLIC SQUARE.

Dress Goods.

Suit House.



LANDIS

Is Run to Earth at Port-
land, Ind.,

And Three Ohio Sheriffs
Went After Him.

It was Thought Yesterday Evening
That He Had Been in Lima—
He is Wanted for Many
Crimes.

Ben Landis, the horse thief, general all round crook and informer against the Foster-Lowrey gang, who went to the penitentiary for life, from Upper Sandusky, has been captured at Portland, Ind. Every officer in this part of the state has been instructed to look out for him and it was thought yesterday evening that he was here, as a man answering his description had been seen at the Pennsylvania depot. Landis is too well known in Lima to make it safe for him to come here unless at night or in disguise, and he no doubt was endeavoring to get as far away from his old haunts as possible.

A dispatch from Portland, Ind., says:

B. F. Landis was arrested here today, and soon three Sheriffs from Ohio were here after him. They were Sheriff Miller, of Ottawa; Sheriff Cliffe, of Upper Sandusky, and Sheriff Schunck, of Celina.

Sheriff Miller claimed the custody of Landis under an indictment in Ottawa county for horse stealing. Landis had a stormy interview with Sheriff Miller, and claimed that the Ottawa charge had been settled or that he had received a promise that it would be settled.

Became an Informer.

While in the jail at Ottawa for horse stealing he turned state's evidence, and this brought about the rounding up of the famous Foster-Lowrey gang, some of whom were recently sent to the Ohio Penitentiary for the Johnston murder in Upper Sandusky. Landis was taken to Upper Sandusky as a witness, and while there eluded the officers and escaped. He had when arrested a letter from Sheriff Cliffe, expressing his confidence in Landis and telling him to return to Upper Sandusky and everything would be all right.

Landis is badly wanted at Findlay, Ohio, for connection with the Blakesley murder of a few years ago and has been under suspicion in connection with the murder of the Sullivan sisters in Toledo. In connection with the Sullivan murder, Sheriff Schunck said Landis was accused of having given one of his pals the worst of it, and retaliation was had by giving him away.

Skin, Mask Worn.

The officers stated that the man who did the deed was described as having red hair and two-weeks' growth of beard on his face, and the pal of Landis said a skin mask with a false beard on it and a wig had been used, these afterwards being thrown away. His story was investigated and found to be true.

Landis was here about two weeks

—SEE—

HARRY RUMPLE

—FOR—

Bargains in Bicycle Sundries
and Repairs.

The \$25.00 WOLF-AMERICAN is the best wheel on the market for the money. I have some high priced wheels at BARGAIN PRICES.

was selling under the name of Detective July and the renewal of active detective Dubbs, of the Hayes Detective Agency, of Toledo, Ohio. Prosecuting Attorney Hartford, who had been conferred with the foreign Sheriffs, was seen late this afternoon. In answer to a query he said Landis is wanted in Chicago for many crimes, but the attempt to take him back to Ohio will be on a charge of grand larceny.

Sheriff Schunck said Landis is one of the smoothest criminals in the country, and is wanted for rape, safe blowing, horse stealing and implication in two murder cases.

AVERAGES

In Climatic Conditions Prom-
ise Pleasant August.

According to the calendar we are now in midsummer, one-half of the season appointed for heat having melted away into the limbo of past time. As a matter of fact there is little reason to fear that the torrid temperature of July will be matched by the August sun. Whatever may be the theories of imaginative astronomers, the government weather observers were not unreasonable in forecasting the present season of lower temperature "because there was already an excess of heat for July." Experience has shown that even sun pays some respect to the law of averages, and is not disposed to pile up heat without restraint. Having made a new record for the greater part of this July, it was to be expected that Old Sol would make an effort to bring the summer record nearer to the normal. This is the only basis for the opinion that the month of August will show a lower average temperature than usual, and that we are in respect of the heat beyond midsummer and will on the way to the mellow days of autumn.

This would mean fine summer weather for the present month; and fine summer weather here is as near the ideal weather as anything which June itself can give. We need it. Elastic as the human system has shown itself to be, it is apparent that the tremendous drain on its vitality during the greater part of the dog-days has left mankind exhausted and spiritless. A pleasant August, with nights cool enough for refreshing sleep, would restore tone to mind and body and fit them for the heavy burden of business which is to be taken up with the coming of September. Nature has been described as at least unmoral if not immoral, and as having small show of mercy for humanity; yet in interposing a period of declining heat between the fierce temperature of

A GOOD INVESTMENT.

Anyone having a few hundred dollars to invest where it will bring good returns should investigate the advantages offered in the lots being sold in the new Lakewood addition. Lots are being sold at \$250.00 to \$499.00, one-third cash, one-third in one year and third in two years. This property will certainly increase in value very rapidly, as it is in the most desirable part of the city. For further particulars see P. B. Harman or W. F. Nunn, of the soliciting committee.

INJURIES

Of Isaac Curtis Ended in
His Death.

Young Man was Overcome by Heat
and Fell from a Wagon Two
Weeks Ago.

Isaac Curtis, a young man living about a mile west of Beaver Dam died at seven o'clock last night after two weeks of untold suffering. The cause of his illness was an attack of heat, the young man having overcome while riding on a load of hay and falling to the ground.

It was believed that he was intoxicated and for that reason did not receive the attention that his true condition would have called for had those who found him known the circumstances. As it was he lay in the hot broiling sun from eleven o'clock in the morning until one o'clock in the afternoon and then it was discovered that in falling he had struck on his back and severely injured his spine.

He gradually grew worse from that day and death came to his relief at the hour mentioned. The deceased was 23 years old and the only support of his parents. He was a nephew of Watson Blaise, of this city.

\$1.50 TO DETROIT

And return via Detroit Southern rail road, Sunday, Aug. 11. Train leaves Wayne street station, Lima, at 5:05 a. m.

Dr. Taylor, dentist, Cincinnati block. All work guaranteed. 53-1

Eczema, scald head, hives, itching of the skin of any sort instantly relieved, permanently cured. Doan's Ointment. At any drug store.